CARNRICK'S
SOLUBLE FOOD
FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

THE ONLY FOOD that digests as easily as human milk and agrees with all Infants and Children.

THE ONLY FOOD that thoroughly nourishes the Child without the addition of Cow's Milk.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28787—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, JULY 6, 1892.

CUTLER, PALMER'S
FAMOUS WHISKIES.

	Per Doz. Rs. a.
Pall Mall, 11 years old	57 12
Napier Johnstone's Square Bottle	33 0
Heart Bottle	30 4
O. B.	28 0
Glentronie	27 4
Ben-Tor (cheapest)	18 12

O. V. G. Market Rates.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

	Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Friday.
†	SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell.	8th July.
B.L.	CARTHAGE	4879	1000	M. de Horne	15th "
‡*	ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne.	22nd "
B.L.	ROHILLA	3387	700	J. E. Jephson	29th "
†*	SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	5th Augt.
B.L.	GANGES	4207	800	T. J. Alderton	12th "
†	ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne.	19th "
B.L.	SUTLEJ	4165	800	W.D.G. Worcester.	26th "
†	SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	2nd Sept.
B.L.	PENINSULAR	4972	1200	A. C. Loggin	9th "
†	ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne.	16th "
					Saturday.
B.L.	ORIENTAL	4972	1200	L. H. Moule	24th Sept.

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only and Passengers transhipthere to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London.

‡* These vessels proceed to Aden only and passengers tranship there to a steamer for Brindisi and London. No passengers for Marseilles can proceed by these steamers.

Single and Return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 10 a. m. on day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.

A Steam Barge leaves the P. and O. Dockyard at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.

The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

PASSAGE-TICKETS are issued to London via Japan and Vancouver in conjunction with the Canadian-Pacific S.S. Co. Circular Passages, including the return journey to India via the Suez Canal or *vice versa*, can also be engaged.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China.
Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo.
July 14th July 28th.
August 11th.

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any Port or Ports.
For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, June 21, 1892.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.
BOMBAY TO MESSINA, NAPLES, AND GENOA, calling at ALEXANDRIA.

THE well-known Steamers of this Company will sail on:
26th July. 23rd August. 20th Sept.
For particulars regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BRANCHI,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, June 29, 1892.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.
UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
ORION	A. Orlando	3,200	500	1st Augt.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class,	2nd Class
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.

THROUGH-TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued to London, via Trieste at specially Reduced Rates.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
MELPOMENE	A. Mills	3,800	550	22nd July.
ELEKTRA	G. Mariani	3,800	550	22nd Aug.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 400	Rs. 250	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 700	Rs. 400

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 12th of each month.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
BERENICE	P. Morsa	3,200	550	8th July
THISBE	P. Cossovich	3,800	550	8th Augt.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. NIOBE to Madras and Calcutta, and at Singapore with the s.s. GALATEA to Sourabaya and Batavia.
For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 30, Church Gate Street, Bombay, June 29, 1892.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about
ARMENIA	3395	Geo. Read	12th July.
PERSIA	3547	R. Hutchinson	27th July.
HISPANIA	3380	S. Abrey	10th Aug.
ROUMANIA	3387	W. S. Young	24th Aug.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.
The voyage to Marseilles is not expected to exceed twenty-one days, and the Railway Journey from Marseilles to London occupies thirty hours.
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.
All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.
For Rates of Passage and further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, June 20, 1892.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

PASSAGES booked by P. & O. and other regular lines of Steamers *without charge for commission*. Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured. Railway and Sleeping Car Tickets obtained.
CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

SECOND SALOON.

The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a cheap Passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing, intending passengers should make early Application.
Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. "Grindlay's Hand Book" for Travellers may also be had free.
Circular Notes, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London granted at current rates. Baggage shipped and Insurance effected when required.
PACKAGES from Europe for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.

NOW READY—6th EDITION.

ON THE MODERN TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DISEASES and EXHAUSTION IN MEN by LOCAL ABSORPTION, with Testimonials, shewing how to obtain a speedy and permanent restoration, without stomach medicines. POST FREE.

E. NORTON,
HOLBORN, LONDON, W. C., ENGLAND.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, on 6th July, at noon, direct.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,536 tons, on the 10th July, at 11 a.m., or on arrival of English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "RAJPOOTANA," 2,030 tons, on the 7th July, at about 3 p.m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 5th July, 1892. Agents.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all Steamers at the Lowest Rates obtainable, Free of Charge for Commission.
SPECIAL attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. and O.
LISTS of all Steamers Sailing, and full information as to Berths available, furnished at once.
REDUCTIONS obtainable in the case of large Parties or Families travelling together.
PASSENGERS Booked through Messrs. KING, KING and Co. are met on arrival at —
Plymouth or London..by Messrs. HENRY S. KING and Co.
Liverpool..... " KING, BAILLIE and Co.,
And by Special Agents at Marseilles, Genoa, Naples, Brindisi and Trieste.
BAGGAGE Received and Shipped. Packages also forwarded as Cargo at Lowest Rates. Marine and Fire Insurance effected.
LOANS and Overdrafts granted on approved Security
DRAFTS, Cheques, Gold and Bank Notes purchased and sold at Current Rates.
TELEGRAPHIC Remittances arranged at Current Rates, and Addresses in connection with the same Registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING and Co., FREE OF CHARGE.
MESSRS. HENRY GAZE AND SONS' RAILWAY TICKETS and HOTEL COUPONS by all Continental and American Routes furnished at Lowest Rates.
CORRESPONDENCE invited and a Copy of Messrs. Henry S. King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward-bound Passengers" forwarded on application, Free of Charge.

KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA. KING, BAILLIE & Co., LIVERPOOL.
R. B. KING, HYDERABAD (DECCAN.)
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay on 10th July, 1892, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian Steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.
RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.
Passengers are invited to be on board by 8 a. m. in the Prince's Dock on the day of sailing.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail
CITY OF PERTH	Kinloch	2605	About 9th July.

THIS Steamer, which is lighted throughout with the Electric Light, and has all the latest improvements, carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins on Deck amidships. Punkahs and every comfort for first class passengers. Crew entirely European.

Apply to
SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 30th June 1892.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LISLE THREAD HALF HOSE FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

TREACHER & Co., Ld., have made a special purchase in Lisle Thread Half Hose, which will be found Highly Finished, Full Fashioned, and Perfectly Fast Dye.

		Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Navy Blue, in all sizes	Per doz.	18 0 to 21 0	21 8 to 23 8
Seal Brown, in all sizes	"	16 8 to 19 8	18 8 to 22 0
Fancy Stripes, in all sizes	"	16 0 to 20 0	18 0 to 22 8
Black, in all sizes	"	18 0 to 22 0	20 0 to 24 8
White, in all sizes	"	20 0 to 28 0	22 8 to 31 8

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

KEMP'S NEW FLUID.
MATCHLESS FOR THE COMPLEXION.

A MARVELLOUS Preparation for Softening, Toning, and Beautifying the Skin. Removes Spots, Sunburns, Freckles, Blotches, and all Imperfections. Renders the Skin delicately soft and beautiful to the Eye.

Per Bottle, Re. 1.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

DEATH TO RATS.
KILLS
RATS,
COCKROACHES,
BEETLES.
Per Box, As. 8.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, Rs. 48 for one year; Rs. 25 for 6 months; Rs. 13 for 3 months; Rs. 5 per month in advance, postage extra.

CRICKET AND FOOTBALL KIT AND GYMKHANA REQUISITES.

CRICKET KIT.

OF THE BEST ENGLISH MANUFACTURE.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
BALLS, CRICKET—		
Treacher & Co.'s double seam ..... each	3 8	4 0
" " treble seam ..... "	4 8	5 0
" " four seam, registered pattern, the finest manufactured ... "	5 4	5 12
Eclipse composition ..... "	1 8	1 12
Duke's double seam, first quality ..... "	3 8	4 0
" treble " " " ..... "	5 0	5 12
Boys' ..... each { from	1 8	1 12
{ to	2 0	2 4
BATS, All Cane, A quality ..... "	10 8	11 12
" " B "	8 8	9 8
" " C "	6 8	7 8
We have now succeeded in making such arrangemets as will enable us to supply all Cane Bats at a lower price than has been hitherto possible. These Bats are the correct weight, well balanced and strongly made, and are undoubtedly the best value ever offered.		
BATS, Boys' ..... each { from	1 10	1 14
{ to	3 0	3 8
" Patent Exceller ..... each	13 0	15 0
" Cobbett's All Cane ..... "	10 8	11 12
" Frowd's Drivor ..... "	15 0	17 0
TREACHER'S Boys' Cricket Set, consisting of set of Stumps, Ball, and Bats, with Rules, in a Stout Box	10 0	11 4

FOOTBALLS.

Vulcanised India-rubber covered with the best Hide Leather specially dressed—

ASSOCIATION BALLS—

	No. 4. Rs. a.	No. 5. Rs. a.	No. 6. Rs. a.	
Cash	6 0	6 12	7 8	each.
Credit	6 12	7 12	8 8	"
RUGBY BALLS—				
Cash	5 4	6 4	7 4	"
Credit	6 0	7 0	8 4	"

Pumps for inflating Foot Balls	3 0	3 8
Shin Guards per pair { from	1 8	1 12
{ to	2 8	3 0

Spare Insides, best vulcanised rubber—

	No. 4. Rs. a.	No. 5. Rs. a.	No. 6. Rs. a.	
Cash	2 0	2 4	2 12	each.
Credit	2 4	2 8	3 0	"

LAWN-TENNIS, BADMINTON, GOLF KIT, RACKETS, POLO, QUOITS, &c.
N.B.—The above Prices are advanced 10 per cent. in consequence of the heavy decline in Exchange.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SOUTHWELL & AUSTIN, LD.,
(IN LIQUIDATION).

A CHOICE SELECTION OF
RIBBONS, LACES, AND MILLINERY,
HAVE NOW ARRIVED FROM OUR POONA BRANCH.
GREAT REDUCTIONS.

SHIRT DEPARTMENT.

THORPE AND CO.

IN soliciting orders, we beg to inform our constituents that this Department is Superintended by a First-Class London Shirt Cutter. Gentlemen may rely on a perfect fitting Shirt.
MADE TO MEASURE, OR READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

THE NEW OATMEAL CLOTH
Makes Grand Tennis Shirts, or for General Wear.
6 for Rs. 30.

SHIRTS.
Pure Linen Fronts and Cuffs.
Six for Rs. 25.

SHIRTS.
Collars attached.
Pure Linen Fronts, Cuffs and Collars.
Six for Rs. 27.

SHIRTS.
The best Oxford Cloth, with Collars attached.
Six for Rs. 30.

SHIRTS.
French Cambric, newest Paris designs.
Six for Rs. 27.

SHIRTS.
White Saxony Flannel, for Cricketing or Lawn-Tennis, well shrunk.
Each, Rs. 8-8.

SHIRTS.
Silk and Wool; Delightfully cool; in White and Fancy Patterns.
Each, Rs. 8-8.

SHIRTS.
Plain, Fancy Wove Flannels.
Each, Rs. 8-8.

SHIRTS.
Unshrinkable Flannel.
Each, Rs. 7-8.

THORPE AND CO.,
SHIRT-MAKERS, MILITARY TAILORS AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

KEMP'S LAVENDER SALTS.
A unique and efficacious Smelling Salt, giving immediate relief in Head-ache, Influenza, and all Catarrhal Affections. Perfumed with great Richness and Delicacy, and of lasting quality.

Per Bottle, Re. 1-8.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

SWIFT AND FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting Powder, Fuses, Red Lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig Lead, all sorts of Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well-known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE.
SNOW FLAKE KEROSINE OIL 150°, arrived.
A fresh consignment, ex Paul Revere, Rs. 3-12-0 per case wholesale.
Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.
હેપ્તુલા શેકઆદમની કું૦
i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey's Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

FORMS OF POWER of ATTORNEY neatly printed. Price 4 annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

PIANOS FOR INDIA.

PLACED WELL IN FRONT OF COMPETITION.
MANUFACTURED BY
THOROUGHLY COMPETENT AND RELIABLE MAKERS.
SEASONED MATERIALS, NEWEST CONSTRUCTION.
STRONGLY AND SOLIDLY BUILT, ELEGANT EXTERIOR.

WE STATE without hesitation that these Pianos cannot but REFLECT CREDIT on our RECOMMENDATION and MORE IMPORTANT, give the MOST UNQUALIFIED SATISFACTION and CONTENT BUYERS.

SCHIEDMAYER & SOEHNE'S

STANDARD INDIAN SQUARE PIANOFORTE.
Cash Rs. 825.
On the Hire Purchase System..... { For 12 months, Rs. 76 per month. For 24 months, Rs. 40 per month.

SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE'S
GRAND SYMPATHETIC UPRIGHT PIANOFORTE.
Cash Rs. 780.
On the Hire Purchase System..... { For 12 months, Rs. 72 per month. For 24 months, Rs. 40 per month.

JULIUS BLUTHNER'S
ALIQUOT BOUDOIR GRAND PIANOFORTE.
Cash Rs. 1,550.
On the Hire Purchase System..... { For 12 months, Rs. 141 per month. For 24 months, Rs. 75 per month.

JULIUS BLUTHNER'S
PLAIN BOUDOIR GRAND PIANOFORTE.
Cash Rs. 1,445.
On the Hire Purchase System..... { For 12 months, Rs. 131 per month. For 24 months, Rs. 71 per month.

JULIUS BLUTHNER'S
GRAND UPRIGHT PIANOFORTE.
Cash Rs. 895.
On the Hire Purchase System..... { For 12 months, Rs. 80 per month. For 24 months, Rs. 71 per month.

Price Lists and Particulars of Terms of Purchase of Pianofortes sent Post Free.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

COFFEES.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Coffee, Mocha, picked, about 7 lbs. Fazils	7 0	Coffee, Essence (Moir's)	0 10
Coffee, Mocha, 1-lb. Tin	1 4	Coffee, Extract (Branson's)	0 11
Coffee, French, delicious, ground	1 0	Coffee, and Milk Paste, 1-lb. Tin	0 12
Dandelion Coffee—healthy Coffee, combined with Dandelion for Dyspeptic Sufferers, per Tin	1 4	Chicory, Genuine, per lb	0

N.B.—Owing to FALL in EXCHANGE, our Catalogue Prices are INCREASED 10 Per Cent.

BOMBAY: Oriental Bank Buildings, Byculla Bridge, and Cumballa Hill. PHILLIPS & CO., LD. POONA: Temple House, Camp, & Bhoodwar Peth, City.
CHEMISTS, WINE AND GENERAL IMPORT MERCHANTS AND AGENTS.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY
OF THE UNITED STATES.

HEAD OFFICE, 120, BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
UNDER THE DIRECT SUPERVISION OF THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT.
LONDON OFFICE, 81, CHEAPSIDE, E.C.
TRUSTEES FOR GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND:
The Right Honourable the EARL OF KINTORE.
The Right Honourable the EARL OF DENBIGH.
Sir JOSEPH C. LEE.
BANKERS:—THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

Branch Offices and Agencies in all the principal Towns of EUROPE, AUSTRALASIA, AFRICA, and AMERICA.
Mutual Life Insurance Company only.
ALL PROFITS BELONG TO THE POLICY-HOLDERS.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY, 1891.
FROM THE 32ND ANNUAL STATEMENT.

Assurance in Force	£167,686,366 at 1s. 4d. =	Rs.	25,15,295,490
New Assurance in 1891	48,566,319 " =		7,28,494,785
Income	8,136,447 " =		1,22,046,705
Assets, 31st December, 1891	28,374,691 " =		4,25,620,365
Liabilities, 4 per cent. Valuation	22,917,820 " =		3,43,767,300
Surplus, 4 per cent. Basis	5,456,871 " =		81,853,065

SURPLUS OVER LIABILITIES, ON EVERY STANDARD OF VALUATION LARGER THAN THAT OF ANY OTHER LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Paid Policy Holders during the year 1891	3,083,478 at 1s. 4d. =		46,252,170
Total Amount Paid Policy-Holders since the organisation of the Society	32,996,332 " =		494,944,980

IMPROVEMENT DURING THE YEAR.

Increase of Income	989,081 at 1s. 4d. =		14,836,215
Increase of Assets	3,532,244 " =		52,983,660
Increase of New Assurance	6,102,547 " =		91,538,205
Increase of Surplus	531,778 " =		7,976,670

The Free-Tontine Policy is Unrestricted, Incontestable, Non-forfeitable, and Accumulative with Low Premiums reducible to Home Rates for European Military and Civilian residents in, also for Natives of India, and virtually provides Endowment Assurance at Ordinary Life Rates.
Native Gentlemen, whose lives are unexceptionable, will be accepted at Eastern Rates under the 20 years Endowment Table.
Policies are granted either in Sterling or Rupee Currency.
Intending Assurers are particularly requested to see the Manager or write for Prospectus and full particulars.
Active and energetic Canvassers and Agents wanted for Bombay and other centres in India.
Policies are issued and claims paid in Bombay.
Temporary Offices, Apollo Hotel, Apollo Bunder, Bombay.
Dr. E. H. R. LANGLEY, M.R.C.S., Brigade-Surgeon, Chief Medical Referree.

L. V. DESBOROUGH,
Manager.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE Co., LD.
OFFICES:—ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.

TELEPHONES.—The Company's Telephone instruments, by the Master Patents of Graham Bell, Edison and Gower, are unequalled in every particular. They are of the very best English-make, and are thoroughly reliable, and will give great satisfaction, and be found more economical than the cheap instruments which are offered for sale elsewhere, and which for practical purposes are useless.
The Company are prepared to undertake the erection of Telephone lines and Telephone installations for Native States, Corporations, Companies or private individuals. Estimates furnished on application.

ELECTRIC BELLS.—The Company have a large and varied Stock of the best English-made Electric Bells, Indicators, Pushes, etc., with every recent improvement. Installations for Clubs, Hotels, and Private Residences supplied, and erection undertaken, if required, on moderate terms.
The attention of residents in the Mofussil is directed to the advantage of introducing Electric Bells into their Bungalows for readier communication with servants, whose quarters are often at some distance from the Bungalows.
Instructions given for erection and maintenance.

The Company also supply LIGHTNING CONDUCTORS, MEDICAL INDUCTION COILS, ELECTRIC MOTORS, ELECTRIC FANS, BATTERIES and ELECTRICAL FITTINGS of all kinds.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES, POST FREE, ON APPLICATION.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.
CONCERT
IN AID OF THE FUNDS OF THE ASSOCIATION, ON THURSDAY, 7TH JULY AT 9 O'CLOCK, IN THE Y. M. C. A. ROOMS.

PROGRAMME :—

1. Pianoforte Solo ....." Polish Dances".....Z. Scharwenka
Miss Hartley.
2. Song ....." You and I" .....Claribel.
Mr. F. W. J. Vining.
3. Song ....." Masks and Faces".....Molloy.
Miss Waller.
4. Song ....." The Flight of Ages"..... .....Bevan.
Mr. H. E. Harrington.
5. Song ....." The Whip-poor-Will's Echo Song" .....
Mrs. F. Farlow.

INTERVAL OF 10 MINUTES.

6. Pianoforte Solo ...." Waltz".....Chopin.
Mr. F. W. J. Vining.
7. Song ....." May Margaret" .....Marzials.
Mrs. W. Squire.
8. Song ....." Island of Dreams" .....
Mrs. Farlow.
9. Song ....." Out on the Deep" .....Lohr.
Mr. A. F. Harrington.
10. Song ....." In the Chimney Corner"....Cowan.
Miss Waller.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Tickets may be had of The Honorary Secretary of the Association, Mr. F. J. Clark, G. I. P. R. Offices, or at the doors on the night of the Concert.

PRICE ONE RUPEE.

BOMBAY UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Bombay Underwriters' Association, will be held in the Rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, Graham's Buildings, on WEDNESDAY, 13th instant, at 5 P. M., to receive the Report of the Outgoing Committee, to appoint the Committee for the year 1892-93, and to transact any other business that may be brought forward.

By Order of the Committee,
JOHN MARSHALL,
Bombay, 5th July, 1892. Secretary.

WESTERN INDIA FINE ARTS EXHIBITION.

THE above EXHIBITION WILL OPEN on SEPTEMBER 21st, and the latest date up to which EXHIBITS will be received is the 14th idem. Prospectuses can be obtained on Application to

F. L. CLIFFORD,
Assistant Secretary, W. I. F. A. Society, Poona.

NOTICE.

STEAM FIRE-ENGINES IN THE PRINCIPAL FIRE BRIGADES OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

MESSRS. SHAND, MASON & Co. beg to call particular attention to the following Statement showing the position occupied by their Steam Fire-Engines in the Leading Home Fire Brigades, which position is largely due to the proved superiority of their Engines as regards durability and freedom from repairs, steadiness, and ease in working, simplicity, and general suitability for the important purpose for which they are intended.

STATEMENT.

Fire Brigade.	Total Number of Steam Fire-Engines in use at the present time.	Proportion made by Messrs. Shand, Mason & Co.
London	57	60 per cent.
Edinburgh	2	100 ,,
Dublin	2	100 ,,
Glasgow	10	100 ,,
Birmingham	4	100 ,,

From the above it will be seen that in addition to supplying three-fifths of the Steam Fire-Engines in use in the Metropolitan (LONDON) Fire Brigade, Messrs. Shand, Mason and Co. have constructed THE WHOLE of those in use in the Sister Capitals of EDINBURGH and DUBLIN, as well as those of GLASGOW (the next largest City to London) and BIRMINGHAM.

Large numbers of Shand, Mason and Co.'s Improved Patent Steam Fire-Engines have also been supplied to the Council of India and Municipalities throughout India, China, and Japan for the use of the Fire Brigades of (amongst other cities): Bombay, Baroda, Benares, Bhavnagar, Calcutta, Colombo, Ferozepore, Mandalay, Madras, Rawal Pindi, Hongkong, Shanghai, Yokohama, Tokio, Osaka, Hiogo, as well as to Borneo, Java, &c.; also to the Bombay, and Calcutta Port Trusts, the Madras Grand Arsenal, the Ghazipur Opium Factory, and numerous Spinning, Weaving, and Manufacturing Companies, Government Railways, &c., &c.

Messrs. Shand, Mason and Co. will be glad to forward Illustrated Catalogues of Portable Fixed and Floating Steam Fire-Engines of from 100 to 1,500 gallons per minute capacity; also of Manual Fire-Engines, Fire-Escapes and Hose for Hot Climates, Fire Brigade Sundries, &c., post free, on application.

SHAND, MASON & Co.
75, Upper Ground Street, Blackfriars Road, London, S. E.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE, LIFE, AND MARINE.

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FUNDS EXCEED £1,950,000.

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FOTHERGILL'S MADONAL.

As a CURATIVE OF DISEASES, these Drops will be found of great benefit, especially diseases of the liver and kidneys, as in those cases in which a cure cannot be effected, the progress of the disease may be arrested. As an aid to digestion, the drops will be found useful, they should be taken a short time *before* a meal, to remove the pain often felt after eating, and the sense of fulness and discomfort which are common symptoms of stomach derangement.

In a healthy person the bowels should act once, and at a regular time, in the twenty-four hours, otherwise the functions of the digestive organs cannot be properly carried on. Neglect of the daily evacuation is a most common pre-disposing cause of flatulence, indigestion, heart-burn, piles, fistula, liver and kidney disease, gout, and other diseases too numerous to mention. In elderly people especially these drops will be found invaluable, for in advancing age the bowel becomes weaker in its action, and, by the aid of the drops, a daily, healthy, evacuation takes place. They also form a safe and harmless aperient for children. They should be persevered in daily until the bowels are brought to a healthy state. 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d. or Rs. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8 of all Medicine Vendors.—MADON, SONS & Co., 23, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

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Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.

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For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

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Secretary.

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BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on questions regarding giras, wanta and other guaranteed rights with an introductory account of the settlements in Kathiawar, Mahikantha and Rewakantha, together with Appendices and a Copious Index.

To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay.

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The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this scale.

ELECTRIC CLOCKS.—No Winding required. In handsome Carved Walnut Cases with Batteries charged to go for 3 years and which may be recharged after that time at a trifling Cost. Timepiece only Rs. 80. Striking hours and half-hours Rs. 100.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

PATENT ELECTRO-PLATE PRESERVER.—Manufactured by us expressly for the purpose of Cleaning and Preserving the original deposits on plated and gilt articles. Genuine preparation.—C. JOST and Co., 13-15, Hornby Row.

BUYERS of Sewing Machines please demand an affirmative answer from the Seller if the Machine is manufactured by the Singer Company. THE SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., Bombay.

ROTHERHAM AND SONS' ENGLISH KEYLESS GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, in hunting, half hunting and open faced cases, 3 plate, with compensation Balance, Guaranteed to keep perfect time.—CURSETJEE COWASJEE G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, 42, Meadows Street.

EXCELSIOR LAWN MOWERS are the Lightest and Strongest, and therefore the Cheapest. A large consignment just received by PALEKAR & Co., Esplanade Road, Bombay.

MORTON, MAJU'S CEYLON TEA.—We strongly recommend this lovely Tea at Re. 1 per lb. packet. Discount to large purchasers.—MORTON, MAJU & Co., Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE only Firm which repairs "Celestinas," "Aristons," "Phœnix," and all sorts of Hand Organs and keeps all spare repairing and tuning materials in stock' —STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

QUALITY being the first consideration.—Cheapest House in India for TEA, COFFEE, COCOA, CIGAR, CIGARETTE, TOBACCO, SMOKING REQUISITES, &c., &c.—N. B. DANTRA and Co., 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.—I stayed at the Alexandra Hotel, with my wife and child for 4 days, and found everything very comfortable, indeed, always a good table; the rooms are well ventilated and clean. I found the Proprietor and Servants very attentive. I am well satisfied and shall have much pleasure in recommending my friends to the same.—G. CARTER, Bengal Ordnance Department.

FRESH CONSIGNMENT of A. and B. MACKAY'S Celebrated WHISKIES, of LIQUEUR, Cocktail, Glenfalloch, and Old Silent Malt Brands, to be had from JEEJEEBHAI JEHANGEER and Co., Marine Street. Also FRASER and Co., CHEMISTS, Sub-Agents, Cawasjee Patel Street, Fort.

WANTED, a EUROPEAN or EURASIAN NURSE to take entire charge of an infant of a year old.—Apply to "B. B.," care of this Paper.

ADEN CLUB, WANTED, a PARSEE MANAGER, must know Book-keeping. Salary Rs. 80, rising to Rs. 100, Lodging free. Apply "C.," care of this Office.

WANTED, for Up-country, a competent well educated man, thoroughly up in Accounts and Book-keeping. Salary Rs. 100 per mensem. Apply by letter only enclosing copies of testimonials, to No. "777," care of this Paper.

FRESH BUTTER and CREAM of the English Dairy Co., Kalbadevi Road, are unrivalled for CHEAPNESS, PURITY, and EXCELLENCE. Butter delivered at home, Ans. 14 per lb. Cream, Ans. 10 per lb. Mofussil orders promptly executed.

BOMBAY PHONOGRAPHIC SOCIETY'S SHORT-HAND CLASSES will be OPENED on WEDNESDAY, 6th July, at 8 A. M., and will be HELD in the Y. M. C. A. Rooms, Apollo Bunder.

RS. 10.—A really sound serviceable Nickel Silver WATCH with Jewelled escapement. Rs. 10 only!—C. A. CUTTRISS and Co., Watch-makers and Jewellers, Fort.

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PLATING AND GILDING.—Executed on the most Modern principle. Work guaranteed to last from 3 to 5 years and upwards, according to price.—C. JOST and Co., 13-15, Hornby Row.

FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED, TO BE LET, ROOMS above E. D. Sassoon and Co. Apply to "R. T.," care of this Office.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency Business. 1, Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross, London.

SWIFT AND FARROW, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, etc, undertake Collection of outstanding debts.—No. 9, Hummum Street, Fort Bombay.

F. BAULCH, PIANOFORTE TUNER and REPAIRER, 3 years to T. R. H. Duke and Duchess of Connaught. Pianos FOR SALE, Church Gate Street. Tunings Rs. 5.

WILL FORMS OF DIFFERENT KINDS. Price 8 As. each. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

PERRIER JOUET "B" BRAND CHAMPAGNE in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON and Co., Sole Agents.

£1,692,564 NEW ASSURANCES were issued by the STANDARD in 1891, the Largest Record yet made by the Company. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

SHOULD you want your SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS supplied, Cleaned, and Repaired to entire satisfaction, try DANNEY & Co., Cutlers, 20, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, the Cheapest House.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR AND CO., Bombay.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of Batliwala's AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE. Surg-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg-Maj Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. C. Greenacres, Esq., Contractor, Tansa Water-Works:—Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case. P. J. Daily, Esq, Chief Guard, S.-M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold drop. Send your orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co.; Phillips & Co., &c. at Re. 1.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady, trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to "B. L. A.," care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! The Portable Electric Light Installation of the "Bombay Gazette" has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the ELECTRICIAN, "Bombay Gazette."

HUNDREDS OF TESTIMONIALS are on our file, testifying the truth of our assertion. A few copies of which may be seen in our price lists, forwarded free on application.—C. JOST and Co., 13-15, Hornby Row.

WATERPROOF BILLIARD COVERS, indispensable during the Monsoon. A small lot of these just to hand. Apply to JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld., 18, Marine Street.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a SELECTION of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS, done in VERSE after the manner of various other Great Poets: by W. E. H. Price, Rs. 1-8, postage Annas 4.

FELIX CORNAGLIA, Manufacturing Confectioner, Importer of French, English and Italian Stores and Wines, Sweets and Chocolates fresh made always ready. Cakes of every description,—83, Meadows Street, Fort.

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MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY.—Historical, Statistical and Descriptive, contains valuable information. Revised and corrected up to date. Price, Rs. 5, with postage Rs. 5-4. For sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

NOTICES.

MESSRS. KING, KING & Co. beg to announce, that in view of possible INCONVENIENCE CAUSED to certain Members of the MILITARY and CIVIL SERVICE by the recent SUSPENSION of the New Oriental Bank Corporation, Ld., they are willing to make ADVANCES against Credit Balances on that Bank to Officers and Civilians, on their OPENING CURRENT ACCOUNTS with them.

MESSRS. THOMAS COOK & SON, Bankers and Army Agents, Bombay and Calcutta, beg to announce that they are prepared to make Advances to MILITARY and CIVIL Servants holding Credit Balances in the NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, Ld.

WE are prepared to attend to the REALISATION of CLAIMS on the NEW ORIENTAL BANKING CORPORATION, Ld. Terms on application.

For the Chartered Mercantile Bank of I. L. and China,
J. C. BERGENDAHL,
Agent.
Bombay, 10th June, 1892.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

MEMBERS of the Services having CREDIT BALANCES or DEPOSITS with the New Oriental Bank Corporation are informed that MESSRS. GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co. are prepared to place Funds at their disposal on terms to be obtained on application.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.
Bombay, June 11, 1892.

NOTICE.

CAPTAIN A. C. CLARK, Surveyor to Lloyd's Register, has REMOVED HIS OFFICE from No. 75, Apollo Street, to NEW BUILDING, HUMMUM STREET, Corner of Dean Lane.
Bombay, 30th June, 1892.

A GENTLEMAN having considerable Literary, Business and Official experience, would be glad to devote his leisure time to the preparation or revision of all kinds of LITERARY WORK, Appeals, Addresses, Memorials, Newspaper Articles and Letters, &c., either written at first hand or revised and put into shape. STUDENTS' ESSAYS, Exercises, &c., corrected, and personal instruction given if desired. TRANSLATIONS made of FRENCH and ITALIAN correspondence, business or law papers, &c. PROOFS CORRECTED and pass through the Press. Address "WRITER," care of this Paper.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY
WROUGHT IRON TURN TABLES FOR SALE.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 o'clock P.M. (Gunfire), on WEDNESDAY, the 13th July, offers for the PURCHASE of 5 WROUGHT IRON 15 feet Railway Turn tables, unused, weighing about 5½ tons each, now lying in the Stores Yard, Parel, where the same can be seen on application.

Offers to be made on the Company's form to be obtained from the undersigned.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 29th June, 1892.

CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

SEALED TENDERS for 2 lacs cubic feet of Imported Bombay STONE SHIPS BALLAST will be received by the Vice-Chairman and will be opened by him in the presence of tenderers who may wish to be present at 12 o'clock on the 12th July, 1892.

2. The Stone Ballast is to be landed from Ship's side and to be delivered and stacked for measurement at the Municipal Depots at Bagbazar, Nimtolah, and Alipore. One lac cubic feet to be delivered by the 30th September 1892, and the remainder by the 31st December, 1892.

3. The rate per 100 cubic feet of stone to be delivered and stacked at the above Municipal Depots, free of all contingent charges and canal tolls, must be stated in each tender.

4. Earnest-money Rs. 500, to be deposited into the Municipal Treasury and the Treasurer's receipt to be enclosed with each tender.

5. The Commissioners do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

6. Any further information required can be had on application.

U. N. SINGHA,
Superintendent of Stores, Calcutta Corporation.
Municipal Office, Calcutta, 22nd June 1892.

ESTATE, MAJOR-GENERAL A. P. CHESSHYRE, DECEASED.

PURSUANT TO SECTION 42, ACT XXVII, OF 1866,

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having Claims against the late AUGUSTUS PHILIPS CHESSHYRE, formerly of Waterloo House, but late of Garfield, Clevedon, in the County of Somerset, a retired Major-General in Her Majesty's Indian Army, who, died at Garfield, on the 14th day of December, 1891. Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to GEORGE ROBERTS JOHNSTON, a member of the Firm of Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., of Bombay, are requested to send in the same within one month from this date to the said Messrs. Grindlay Groom & Co., Bombay, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the Assets, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claim sent in subsequently will be recognized, and all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said Estate are also hereby requested to pay without delay the amount owing by them, or deliver the said Securities or property to the said administrator whose receipt alone is valid for the same.

G. R. JOHNSTON,
Administrator to Estate.
Bombay, 22nd June, 1892.

J. NEUBERG,
MEDOW STREET,
BOMBAY.

NEW SHIPMENT OF
TRICHINOPOLY
CIGARS & CHEROOTS.

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☞ Parcels for Friends, at Home, made up on shortest possible Notice.

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FLOR DE JAVAS.

Not to be confounded with so-called JAVAS obtaining elsewhere. These are the ONLY ORIGINAL JAVAS,

FREE DRAUGHT,

SPLENDID CONDITION,

PUREST TOBACCO.

ROYALS	Rs. 4	0	Per 100
TRABUCOS	,, 3	12	,,
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Please compare Sizes and Quality with other so-called JAVAS.

FLOR DE SUMATRA CIGARS.

No. 1.....	Rs. 4	0	Per 100
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MALTA CIGARS.
"SPOTTED CABANAS."
VERY CHOICE
REAL BURMAHS
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By direct importation.

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ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
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Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

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CUVEE EXTRA—MAXIMUM—SEC.
As supplied to many Messes and Clubs.
Rs. 53 per doz. qts. and Rs. 28 per doz. pts., nett cash.

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NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£ 1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND .....£ 100,000.

HEAD OFFICE:
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CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS are received for Fixed Periods at Rates of Interest which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees, free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

THE AGRA BANK, (LIMITED.)

CAPITAL .....£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND.....£70,000.

LONDON BANKERS—*Bank of England, Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co., and National Bank of Scotland, Ld.*

HEAD OFFICE—Nicholas Lane, Lombard Street, London.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and interest allowed thereon when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000 during the half year ending 30th June or the half year ending 31st December.

DEPOSITS received available at any time for remittance to England in the Bank's Bills, and Interest allowed thereon at the rate of 3 (three) per cent. per annum.

DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS should be addressed, and all REMITTANCES made payable to THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.
BOMBAY BRANCH—18, RAMPART ROW.
April 13, 1892.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund.....$ 63,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

F. DE BOVIS, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

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Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent. on Daily Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

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Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

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F. BEAUCLERK,

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CIGAR DRYING BOTTLES.

These Bottles are made with hollow stoppers, in which is placed a bag of lime for absorbing moisture. They are much appreciated by smokers in damp climates, and during the monsoon, for keeping Cigars in smoking condition.

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Climatic Anæmia, Incapacity for Work and Mental and Physical Depression, is

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The Only Forms known to be a Safe and Certain Cure

ARE THE PILLS PREPARED BY THE ORIGINAL MAKERS,

H. & T. KIRBY & Co., LD.,

Which have been CONSTANTLY PRESCRIBED by the MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS with great success for the last TWENTY YEARS.

PURCHASERS ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS Pills which cost the dealer only one-fourth the Price of KIRBY'S, ARE CONSTANTLY PALMED OFF AS GENUINE. Buy in ORIGINAL BOTTLES ONLY, and see that each Bottle carries OUR TRADE MARK.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 5), containing 1-20th gr. Phosphorus.
Dr. KIRBY says: "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 3), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is a valuable combination of two powerful restoratives. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the digestive organs, increases functional activity and improves the condition of the whole system. It largely employed in India during convalescent stages of intermittent and remittent fevers. It is an excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by the climate, and is a good prophylactic against *Malaria*.

PHOSPHORUS AND IRON PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 7), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is given with great advantage in *Anæmia, Sciatica*, and other Neuralgic affections, also in the treatment of convalescence from fever and other debilitating diseases. It is an excellent chemical food for anæmic children, and a good adjuvant to a course of cod liver oil.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula No. 6), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This combination is useful in all the cases named above, but especially in cases of feeble digestion and *loss of power*, following excesses. Taken regularly with food for a few weeks it has a powerfully renovating effect on broken-down constitutions.

PHOSPHORUS, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 4), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
The use of this combination will be gathered from what has been said of the previous Formulæ, Nos. 3 and 6.
For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 9), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus, with Iron, Quinine and Strychnia.
This combination of nerve tonics has a very large application It is efficacious in all disorders which are characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of the general health which is induced by overwork, dissipation, and excesses of various kinds. In this state iron and phosphorus is strongly indicated. In Constitutional Syphilis it has a high remedial power, by improving the condition of the blood and by stimulating its regenerative power. It is exceedingly energising and strength-giving. As a tonic for convalescents recovering from fever and other exhausting diseases it is unequalled.

STRONG PHOSPHORUS, IRON, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 17), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.
This is double the strength of No. 9 as regards Phosphorus and Quinine, and therefore should be prescribed only in cases where the larger dose of Phosphorus is needed.

PHOSPHORUS, CANTHARIDES & NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 20), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This pill produces no irritation of the gastro-intestinal mucous membrane, but operates as a gentle stimulant to the genito-urinal organs. It is especially useful in premature failure of power, induced by passive discharges due to debility. It is useful also as a *stimulating emmenagogue* in obstinate cases of *Amenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa*, and *Atony of the Uterus*.
Formula No. 30 contains Iron, and as a tonic is most suitable for *feeble, anæmic* females.

PHOSPHORUS AND DAMIANA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 31), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
The Extract in this pill is made from the True Damiana Plant ("*Turnera Aphrodisiaca*"), and is a valuable aid to Phosphorus when required as a remedy for impotence.

The above may be obtained from our appointed Agents in Bottles, 3/-, 5/- and 10/- each (English money) the 10/-Bottle containing sufficient for a course of four weeks. Two 10/-Bottles may be obtained direct from our laboratory, carriage paid to any post town in India or Australia, by remitting us a Post Office order for 21/-.

AGENTS: CALCUTTA—SMITH, STANISTREET & Co.; BOMBAY AND POONA—TREACHER & Co., Limited; BOMBAY—F. S. MADON & Co.; ALLAHABAD—LYELL & Co.; MADRAS—E. W. SMITH & Co.; UMBALLA & KASAULI—BALL, HOBSON & Co.; RANGOON—DE SOUZA & Co.; SIMLA AND LAHORE—E. PLOMER & Co.

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"KEATING'S POWDER,"
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BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	500	Rs. 25	Rs. 1,035
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	1,020
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	6 pr. ct.	890
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	12½
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£28
Char. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	300
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80.	$125	all	15 pr. ct.	453—
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	186
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	50
Silver Share	—	—	—	—	25

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last Dividend.	
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	240
Back Bay Mills	750	50	150	7½	19
Backbay Baths	500	50	50	12	40
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	12	106
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100no
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	70	1,100
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	270	4,225
Do. New Issue	500	375	62½	67½	1,060
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	ex div 2	91
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	3 pr. ct.	63)
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 25	905
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	1
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr. ct.	385
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	125
Geyer & Co., Ld.	600	100	70	..	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Safety Ship Assn	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	15
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	109
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	26	316
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	130
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	30
Marcks & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 10	85½
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	88x
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	100	..	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	19)
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr. ct.	85
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	462½
Prince of Wales Firein.	200	1,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	—	20
Soundy & Co	1,000	100	100	9	30
Southwell and Austin, Ld.	Ord. 1,00	100	100	5 pr. ct.	32
Do.	Pref. 1,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	130
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	all	60	880
Thacker & Co	1,500	100	100	10	75
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	2	Re. 1	19½

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly	1,100x
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all		457
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	18 pr. c.	975
Apollo	750	2,400	2,200	90	205
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Nil.	300
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	Rs. 40	122½
Breul's Cawnpore Press Co Ld	500	200	200	10	127½
Broach City Press Co., Ld.	600	200	all	16	135
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	...	217
East India	350	1,000	1,000	245 dvd	30
English Press and Manfg	400	250	...	130	1,42
Fort	515	2,500	2,500	Rs. 20	1,450
French	300	500	all	100	175
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	500	500	50	850
Hangoli Press Co, Ld	750	400	all	32½	137
Khanagaun	240	450	450	63	475
Mahmadpura Cotton Co, Ld	300	500	500		515
P. Co., Ld	1,000	125	125	7½ pr. ct.	50)
Mercantile	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	85
Mofussil Co	1,000	250	all	Rs. 35	90
Munmar M	1,200	500	500	Rs. 55	462½
New Berar	4,000	125	125	Rs. 12	237½
New Indian Prince of Wales	00	500	500		615
Sabapathy (Bellary)	500	500	75	20	121½
Sassoon	300	500	500	20	400
Sind and Punjab Co	100	1,000	1,000	25	500
Sind	400	2,000	750	135	1,150
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	35	445
Surat City Press Co., Ld.	375	200	all	75	210
Ozkar	—	1,000	100	Rs. 100	230

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,000	92	1,490
Alliance	1,500	100	all	Rs. 20	470
Anglo-Indian	1,345	100	100	5	87
Bellary S & W Co, Ld. (Bellary)	371	500	all	9 per. ct.	500
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	580
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	415
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	—	325 no n
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	440
Central India	1,000	500	500	40	1150
China Mills Co, Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	INil	500
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1065
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	10 pr. ct.	710
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	12½	647
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	640
Coral Mills Co., Ld	1,698	100	100	50	450
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 20	442½
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	830
Empress	2,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	630
Evereice Punjab	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	470
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	125
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	725
Hingungha Mill Co	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	25	675
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	950
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500		420
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1035
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	675
Jaffer Alli	500	500	500	Nil.	34
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	12½	205
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	850
Jubilee Mills Co, Ld	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 x d
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	30	635
Khangaum Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil.	340
Khatao Makunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	495
Leopold	3,500	100	100	15 pr. ct.	191
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	700
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	1070
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2225
Mahalxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	400
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	50	15 pr. ct.	500 nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs 70	1470
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	6	125
Morarji Gocouldas	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,775
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr. ct.	105
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil.	pa
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	16)
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	660 x d
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 12½	425
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1240
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	690
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1125
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	5	1,45
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	40	1200
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	35	465
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil.	100nom
Southern Maharatta	1,212	250	250	12½	297½
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	12½	305
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	325
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Rs. 25	505
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co	300	1,000	1,000	50	620
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	25	360
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	700 wd
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	—	710
Union Mills, Ld	900	1,000	1,000	—	600 nom

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Bar Gold	Rs.	24-4-6
China Sycee	"	24-6 National.
Pekin, Bar Gold old	"	24-2 "
Do. do. new	"	23-14
Australia do,	"	24-8
Bombay do.	"	24-7
English Sovereigns	"	15-8
Do. Drazors	"	15-7
Bar Silver 17 Betterness	"	106-7
Do. 17½ do.	"	106-10
Carolas Dollars	"	225 Nominal.
Mexican do.	"	224 "
Euro-France	"	303 "

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Standing Committee, 3 p.m.

Gymkhana Mud Sports, 5 p.m.

VESSEL ARRIVED.—The steamer Paobumba arrived yesterday from Karachi.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Afrikander yesterday left the dock, on Monday.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.—A practice game of the Rovers' Football club will be played on the Cooperage ground, this evening, at 5-30.

MUD SPORTS.—The mud sports will commence this evening, at 5 p.m., on the Maidan, behind Marine Lines, and that post entries will be taken.

ADDRESS IN ENGLISH.—M. B. Nagarkar will deliver an address in English, at the Shivaji High School (Girgaum), at 6-30, this evening, on "The Poona Penance Question from the Theistic Point of View."

FORT GRATUITOUS DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the month of June was:—Daily average, 139; total of new admissions, 1,711; and the number of children vaccinated, 111.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Colombo, Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong, per extra s. s. Berenice, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 6 a.m., on Friday, the 8th instant.

CONCERT AT THE Y. M. C. A.—Another of those pleasant little concerts, which the Y. M. C. Association from time to time organize, will take place on Thursday evening, when a lengthy and apparently interesting programme will be dealt with. Amongst those who have promised to perform are:—Miss Hartley, Miss Waller, Mrs. Farlow, Mrs. W. Squires, Mr. F. W. J. Vining, Mr. H. E. Harrington, and Mr. A. F. Harrington.

THEFT OF FOWLS.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Inspector Briscoe charged Bheemee, a Hindu woman, before Mr. P. H. Dustoor, with stealing two fowls, valued at Rs. 2, belonging to Fateh Mahomed. Yesterday morning the complainant was selling fowls at Null Bazaar, when the accused went there, and took out two from the complainant's basket. She pleaded not guilty, stating that she purchased the fowls for one rupee and a half. The Magistrate convicted her, and sentenced her to pay a fine of Rs. 5.

THEFT AT DUNCAN ROAD.—Yesterday morning, Inspector Briscoe charged Coorbandully Tyabally before Mr. P. H. Dustoor, with stealing wearing apparel, valued at Rs. 30, the property of Abdool Hoosein Rajiff. The accused was in the habit of visiting the complainant's house. A few days ago he went to see the complainant, and taking advantage of the opportunity he stole the wearing apparel, and made away with it. Subsequently, he sold a portion of the stolen property to a boatman. He was arrested while trying to dispose of the remaining clothes. The accused pleaded guilty and was sentenced to six weeks' imprisonment, with hard labour.

THEFT BY A HINDU WOMAN.—Yesterday morning, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. P. H. Dustoor, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, a Hindu woman, named Thuckee, was charged by Inspector Briscoe, with the theft of a gold nose-ring, valued at Rs. 20, from the house of Ballee, a woman, living at Duncan Road. On Monday morning during the complainant's absence from home, the accused entered her room and stole the nose-ring from a box, which she opened with a duplicate key. She pledged the ring with a Marwaree. She was arrested on suspicion, when she said that she found the nose-ring on the floor near the staircase, in the complainant's room, which was adjoining to her own. The Magistrate sentenced the accused to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

EVENING PARTY.—Mr. R. S. Tipnis, C. S., Assistant Judge of Thana, gave an evening party to the *elite* of the native community of Thana, on Tuesday, the 28th ultimo. Amongst those present were Surgeon-Major Kirtikar, Mirja Abas Ali Beg, C. S., Rao Bahadurs Gangadhur Vishnu Limaye, Ramchandra Trimbak Acharya, Government Pleader, W. R. Patwardhan, and Gopal Janardan Bhatkhande, Deputy Collectors, Rao Saheb Wamanrao Oke, Government Pleader, Kolaba District, Mr. Luxmanrao Joglekar, and other pleaders of the local bar; Messrs. Bapu Saheb Kharkar, Subnis, head-master, Dr. Moos, and several other local celebrities. The guests began to come in at the appointed hour, *viz.*, 9 p.m., and were received with due hospitality. There was a display of magic lantern, and musicians also played their part. Some of the guests also entertained their host and colleagues with amateur recitals and singing and playing on musical instruments. Refreshments were provided according to the taste of the several sections of the community, and it was towards midnight when the party broke up, after the distribution of *pan* and *attar*, bouquets, speaking in kind terms of our popular and highly esteemed Assistiant Judge.—*India Prakash.*

CRICKET.

Y. M. C. A. CRICKET CLUB *VS.* H. M.'s CUSTOMS C. CLUB.

A MATCH between these two cricket clubs was played on the Cooperage ground, on Saturday, resulting, as will be seen, in a victory for the Y. M. C. A. by 72 runs in the first innings. For the Y. M. C. A. Club Leggett, Cooper, Boileau, and Roberts played well, and got into double figures. For the Customs C. Smith and Reid were the only two who contributed to any extent to the score. James and Allan bowled well for the Y. M. C. A., James being credited with six wickets for eleven and Allan three for fifteen runs. Crowley and Kelly trundled dangerously for the Customs, the former securing seven wickets.

In their second venture and the Customs put together 18 runs for the fall of onewicket when time was called, Crowley, not out, having obtained 16 runs.

The following are the scores:—

Y. M. C. A. C. CLUB.

A G Roberts, b Crowley	16
W B Leggett, b Kelly	25
W George, b Kelly	0
E Haines, c Smith, b Crowley	0
A Cooper, l-b-w Crowley	23
H Winckler, b Kelly	0
R W Boileau, c T Reid, b Crowley	22
H Wallich, c T Reid, b Crowley	7
M Cohen, b Crowley	3
J Allen, b Crowley	0
A O'Brien, not out	0
Extras	7
Total	104

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	B	R	M	W
L Crowley	91	43	4	7
G Kelly	65	41	1	3
T Reid	25	13	0	0

H. M.'S CUSTOMS C. CLUB.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
Otto, c Boileau, b J Allan	1		
C F Smith, b E James	13		
H J Thomas, b E James	0		
H Forde, b J Allan	0		
T Reid, b E James	0		
G Kelly, c Allan, b E James	9		
J Mehta, l-b-w E James	0		
J Walshe, run out	2		
L Crowley, c W Geor, c, b J Allan	0	not out	16
E Smith, b E James	1	not out	1
C J King, not out	0	st Leggett, b J Allan	2
Extras	6		
Total	132	Total	19

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

1st Innings.	B	R	M	W	2nd Innings.	B	R	M	W
E James	55	11	1	6	A G Roberts	15	10	0	0
J Allan	53	15	0	3	J Allan	10	7	0	1
					H Winckler	5	1	0	0

RALLI BROTHERS C. C. *VS.* BOMBAY C. C.

The above match was played on the Esplanade parade-ground, on Saturday last, and resulted in a win for the Ralli Brothers C. C. by 44 runs and 1 wicket. The Bombay C. C. going in first scored only 52 runs to their opponents' 96 runs for 9 wickets down, of which Gagrat alone was responsible for 43.

HOMELESS LEPER RELIEF FUND.

THE following additional subscription has been promised (74th list):—

	Rs.	a.	p.
H. H. the Nizam	2,000	0	0
Total	2,000	0	0
Subscriptions already promised	94,288	9	2
Grand Total	96,288	9	2

Subscribers are requested to pay the amount of their subscriptions into the Bank of Bombay.

H. A. ACWORTH,
R. M. SAYANI,
HARKISSONDAS NAROTAMDAS,
Honorary Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, July 5.

INDIAN PATENTS.

SPECIFICATIONS of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888:—Charles Arthur Marchant, Overseer, Public Works Department, for an improved style of dredger fitted with a modification of the gear patented in his Indian Patent No. 228 of 1891. (Filed 15th June 1892); Hurronauth Ghose, Denonauth Ghose, and Brojonauth Ghose, respectively, of "Lall Cootee," Tallygunge, in the 24 Pergunnahs, Contractors, carrying on business as distillers under the firm of Messrs. Hurronauth Ghose and Brothers, for improvements in stills and apparatus for brewing "dawasta" or country wine. (Filed 14th June 1892); George Alonzo Everett, of Lincoln's Inn, Fields, London, England, Egineer, and William Edward Vickers, of Surbiton, in the County of Surrey, England, for improvements in machinery or apparatus for effcting the complete mixture of inflammable gas or vapour with air. (Filed 13th June 1892); and Edward Archer, of Umballa, in British India, Clerk, Military Works Department, for improvements, in envelopes, to be called "Archer's double-fold reversible envelopes." (Filed 13th June 1892.)

Applications in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed:—Charles Joshua King, 1st grade Preventive Officer, Bombay Custom House, residing at 3, Grant Road, Bombay, for cleaning and utilizing main newers; Alfred Horatio Bell Sharp, Engineer, 32, Foss Bank, Lincoln, in the county of Lincolnshire, England, but at present residing at Spence's Hotel, Calcutta, for combined steam boilers and air heaters for tea drying and other drying purposes; Henry Donald Rosseter, Major in the 2nd Durham Light Infantry, Bombay, for a disappearing gear for use in connection with vanishing targets for rifle practice; Loudoun Francis MacLean, Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, of Wazirabad, Punjab, India (at present proceeding to England), for improvements in gear connection with falling gates in shutters for irrigation weirs; Henry Edmund Collins, of No. 49, Comedan Bagan Road, Kidderpore, near Calcutta, Marine Engineer, for a new or improved bow-facing apparatus for rowing on the ratchet principle. James Lefevre Myers, Machinist, of Boston, in the County of Suffolk and State of Massachusetts, United States of America, for "machines for treating vegetable fibres;" James Gresham, Director of Gresham & Craven, Limited, of Craven Iron Works, Salford, Manchester, in the County of Lancaster, England, Engineers, for improvements in injectors and in their application to locomotives; John Jonas, of 38, Lime Street, in the City of London, England, Engineer, for improvements in appartus for plucking tea. William Carey Leechman, of Colombo, in the Island of Ceylon, Merchant, for plates for oil and other presses; John Arthur Dayrell Lloyd, of Trevandrum, Travancore State, in the East Indies, Engineer, for automatic signals for railway level crossing gates; William Snell Chenhall, Mining Engineer and Analyst, and William Francis Snell Chenhall, Stock Brokers' Clerk, both formerly of No. 3, Freeland Place, Tram Terminus, Eastville, Bristol (but now of No. 3, Balance Road, Homerton, London), England, for an improved method for the solidification of mineral oils and Sorabjee Cursetjee Dhondy, Weaving Master, residing at Byculla, Bombay, for sizing compounds for cotton yarn.

THE POONA CAMP OF INSTRUCTION.

THE following army order has been published at Poona:—

IT gives his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief much pleasure to publish to the Bombay Army the following remarks by his Excellency the Governor in Council on the report of the Camp of Instruction held near Poona in January and February last:—

"His Excellency the Governor in Council congratulates his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief and the forces under his command on the results of the Poona manœuvres of 1891-92. His Excellency is satisfied that these results—most satisfactory both as regards the improvement observed in those officers and men who were present in 1890-91, and also as regards the anxiety displayed by all concerned to take advantageof the practical lessons to be learnt—could not have been secured without a general and commendable keenness having been displayed in the preparation for the conduct of the operations by all ranks from and highest authority downwards.

2. The absence of crime and of serious sickness bears satisfactory witness to the discipline of the troops and the interest that the manœuvres awake in them, and to the care that is taken that their surroundings shall be in so good a sanitary state as to ensure the largest possible force being available at the critical moment.

3. The experiment of manœuvring the troops some hours after sunrise instead of in the early morning is proved to have answered his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief's expectations in the most satisfactory manner, not one case of sunstroke amongst the Europeans and only one amongst Native troops being reported. This trial of the young soldiers, who had arrived in the drafts from England only a month or two before the manœuvres were held, appears in their case to be a practical refutation of allegations sometimes made, that the young soldier is physically inefficient.

4. His Excellency the Governor in Council concurs with his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief that all funds that can be legitimately spared for and are legitimately spent on these manœuvres are well laid out."

AFFAIRS IN MAURITIUS.

WE are glad to learn from Mauritius contemporaries that in all parts of the island work has been resumed and active measures have been taken to repair the heavy damage done by the recent cyclone. From the beginning the Mauritians took a right course. They realised that there was need for help from outside, but not for a moment did they spare themselves. Acts of charity, devotedness and heroism appeal to the human mind more, possibly, than the steady effects of self-help fighting against dire adversity; but in the long run it is to the latter that Mauritius must look for recovery from the disaster that befell her on 29th April last. It will evidently not rely on these in vain. Mauritians have been stimulated, not demoralised, by the help received from abroad. Reunion, Seychelles and Madagascar have come forward nobly, contributing substantial sums in aid of sufferers; and by this time the larger amounts raised in London should be finding its way into the island. The failure of the New Oriental Bank will doubtless have administered an additional shock to many Mauritians, and we fear, writes the *Madras Times*, that the blow was little expected. At any rate, the establishment by the Bank of a new agency at Paris, to which we alluded in a recent issue, was accepted in Mauritius as showing the great vitality of the Bank, and as "the best refutal of the false rumours which had even found their way into the columns of the *Standard*, and which, while creating upon the markets of London and Bombay a falling-off in the shares of the Bank, had also caused a certain apprehension in Mauritius."

DIVINE SERVICE.

BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

SERVICE will be held on board the s.s. City of Perth, in the Victoria Dock, this evening, at 7-30 p.m. Captains, officers, engineers, seamen, and others are cordially invited. The Bethel flag will be hoisted.

WE are sorry to hear that the Rev. J. W. Kirton, author of the celebrated Temperance tract "Buy Your Own Cherries," has died at his residence in Harringay. For many years he did valuable work as a writer and lecturer on social topics, and was greatly esteemed for his genial and unselfish life. Mr. Kirton, was for some time secretary to the Order of Good Templars. We regret to hear that by the failure of a commercial undertaking in which Mr. Kirton's small savings were invested, he was left practically without resources when his work was interrupted by illness. Only the day before his death a committee was formed to raise a fund to relieve him and his wife from anxiety on this score. Subscriptions are being received by, among others, Mr. J. H. Raper (United Kingdom Alliance), 15, Great George-street, Westminster, and Mr. Henry J. Osborn (hon. secretary), 112, Fleet-street, E.C.

FLORILINE—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's s s Karagola, 597 tons, Captain J C Tice, will sail to-day for Karachi, with a general cargo.

THE S S Kt Companion, 2,542 tons, Captain J K Durant, cleared yesterday for Marseilles, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's s s Chupra, 1,432 tons, Captain R H Brown, will sail to-day for Calcutta. &c, with a general cargo.

THE B I S. N Co's s s Nowshera, 1,038 tons, Captain W B Smith, will sail to-day for Rangoon and Moulmein via Calcutta, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's s s Pachumba, 544 tons, Captain E C Russell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi, with a general cargo, and the following passengers—Mr. Brown, Mr Mc Dermott, Mr M Luximon and 32 deck.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—JULY 5.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Shed.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Venetia	1698	Creery	A	P & O Co
,, Benmafels	1923	Teggo	B	Glade & Co
,, Kilwa	993	Forbes	D	M Mackenzie & Co
,, La Seyne	1157	Blanc	F	A Simeon & Co
,, Ibo	1533	DaCosta	G	Visram Ebrahim
H M I M S Magdala			H J	Government.
S.S Altonower	161	Murray	K	W & A Graham & Co
,, Sabarmati		Nacoda	L	Sheperd & Co
,, Brindisi	2122	Gordon	M	P & O S N Co
,, Darlington	162	Gibb	N	F Muir & Co.
,, Caradale	2269	Dickman	O	W & A Graham & Co
,, Treglisson	1450	Blackie	P	Ralli Brothers
,, Safari	1432	Asthausen	Q	F Heyer

The Time-ball drops at Prince's Dock at noon, or Greenwich mean time, 7h. 8m. 44·3s.

The Time-ball over the Clock Tower at the Bombay Castle continues to be dropped regularly at 1 p.m. of Colaba mean time, or 8h. 8m. 44·3s a.m. of Greenwich mean time.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Carthage	2453	De Horne	1	P & O S N Co
,, Armenia	2218	Read	2	W & A Graham & Co
,, Chupra	1432	Brown	3	M Mackenzie & Co
,, Bisagno	1499	Baccarani	4	F Branchi
,, Kt. Companion	2542	Durant	6	K Nixon & Co
,, Berenice	1833	Meresa	7	J Jamil
,, Rufford Hall	2186	Fowler	8	E Bates & Co
,, Wistow Hall	2257	Barclay	9	E Bates & Co
,, City of Perth	2035	Kinloch	10	Sir C Forbes & Co
,, Aston Hall	2254	McFee	12	E Bates & Co
,, Emir	2620	Robson	13	K, Nixon & Co.

ARRIVAL.

July.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
5	Pachumba (s)	Russell	Karachi, July 2.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

Steamer Karagola, Tice, for Karachi,
,, Chupra, Brown, for Calcutta, &c.
,, Nowshera, Smith, for Rangoon, &c.
,, Kt. Companion, Durant, for Marseilles.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Bisagno, for China, &c.
,, Venetia, for China, &c.
,, City of Perth, for Liverpool.

CALCUTTA.

June. ARRIVAL.
30 Clan Mackinon s....Barham.....Natal, June 4.

DEPARTURES.
June 30.—Steamers Culna, Goa and City of Agra.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JULY 5.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Arabia s—30 cases soap, S Rchimbhoy; 1 case watches, Hajee S Habib
Armenia s—5 cases silver plate glass, Soolamanjee Essajee.

FROM LONDON.

Carthage s—49 cases oilmenstores and 12 cases castor oil, Tyebally Abkarally; 2 cases medicine, N Vanmalli and Co; 10 cases ham and bacon, Treacher and Co.
Carradale s—8 cases oilmenstores, Tyebally Akbarally.
Altonower s—139 cases oilmenstores and 69 cases vinegar Dajeebhoy Dadabhoy; 105 cases oilmenstores and 4 cases bacon and cheese, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 100 cases candles, Shapoorjee Rustomjee Suckia; 250 casks cement E Allybhoy; 11 cases soap, etc. S Heptoola.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 5.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Iran s—37 cwts cwts gum, V Madowjee.
City of Perth s—42,000 cwts wheat, David Sassoon and Co; 206 cwts gall, J Dewjee; 42 bales wool, D Nagjee; 33 bales wool, T Chimondas; 350 cwts horns, J M Rehimtoola; 6493 cwts myrabollams, Otto Martin; 24 bales wool, M Burria.

FOR LONDON.

Carthage s—25 cwts gum, A Khimjee; 70 cwts gum, G Sojpal; 14 cwts mother of pearl shell, A M Hassum.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Kt Companion s—3,012 cwts linseed and 499 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros.
Armenia s—412 cwts castorseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 12,996 cwts ground nuts, Ralli Brothers.

FOR HONG KONG.

Bisagno s—125 bales twist, C Bamonjee and Co; 1,225 bales twist, E Noordin and Co; 750 cwts onions, A Moosa; 500 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.
Venetia s—400 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 150 bales twist, Silas E Sassoon; 1,000 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 1,800 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co; 180 bales twist, C Bamonjee and Co; 150 bales twist, E C Ebrahim and Co; 475 bales twist, Killick, Nixon and Co; 16 bales twist and 30 bales piece-goods, E D Sassoon and Co 66 chests opium, The P and O Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Berenice s—122 cwts sandalwood chips, Sorabjee N Talati and Co; 87 bales twist, Tata and Co; 45 bales twist, Silas E Sassoon; 30 bales twist, The Jamshed M Co; 61 bales twist, C Bamonjee and Co.
Bisagno s—503 bales twist, E Noordin and Co.
Venetia s—200 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 75 bales twist, The Union Mills, Limited.

FOR KOBE.

Venetia s—125 bales cotton, Tata and Co; 100 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co; 50 bales twist, Anglo-Indian Mill; 100 bales twist, Thos G Hill and Co.
Bisagno s—220 bales cotton, O Khetsey.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL.—JULY 2.

McAndrew, Lt, Bengal, 2nd Lincoln Regt, off leave, from England.

DEPARTURES.—JULY 3.

Oswald, Capt, Bengal, 1st Lancers, off leave, to Aurungabad.

JULY 5.

Pocock, 2nd Lt, Bo, The King's Regt, on duty, to Kirkee.
Sutton, Capt, Ms, Staff Corps, off furlough, to Madras.
Walpole, Lt, Bo, R E, on leave, to Kirkee.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, July 2.)

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr-Genl has been pleased to nominate Mr G R Elsmie, C S, Barrister-at-Law, Financial Commissioner of the Punjab, to be an additional Member of the Council of the Govr-Genl for the purpose of Making Laws and Regulations.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr C Johnston has been permitted to resign H M's Indian Civil Service.

JUDICIAL.

The Hon Ameer Ali, C I E, Barrister-at-Law, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, has obtained privilege leave for one month.

The services of Capt T H Bairnsfather, 29th (Punjab) Regt of Bengal Infy, are placed at the disposal of the Govt of the Punjab for employment as Offg Cantonment Magistrate of Rawalpindi.

With effect from the date on which he assumes charge of his duties as offg Resident in Mysore and Chief Commissioner of Coorg, Col P Peacock is appointed

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY IN KHOJA STREET, OUTSIDE THE FORT.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 6th inst., at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Syed Kassum Syed Hoosein Attari in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 28th day of October 1891, the following property, viz.:—

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, together with the messuage or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, at New Town, fronting on the eastern side of Khoja Street, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, formerly as well as now in the occupation of the mortgagor and his tenants, registered in the books of the Collector of land revenue for quit and ground, under old No. 25-3, new No. 9023, old survey No. 903, and new survey No. 4346, assessed by the Municipality under ward C No. 7253, street No. 145, 147, 149 and 151, containing by admeasurement 130 8-9 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the sweeper's passage, on the west by the aforesaid Khoja street, on the north by vacant ground belonging to the said Hajee Noor Mahomed Hajee Abdulla, and on the south by the house of Jadhowjee Nathoo.

For particulars and conditions of sale application to be made to the mortgagee's Attorney, Mr. T. A. Bland, at his office, in Meadows Street.

On SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Parsee Bazar Street, opposite Messrs. Graham and Co.'s office, by order of Messrs. Dossibhai Merwanjee and Co., Agents for Wheeler and Wilson's Sewing Machines, to make room for new stock, Wheeler and Wilson's original and genuine sewing machines, from No. 1 to No. 12, cloth and leather, Waltham's silver watches, first quality, Rea and Barton's plated ware, superior quality, Warner's lamps, burning without chimney, American victoria, street post lamps, &c.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

HANDSOME PEGU PONIES FOR SALE.

On MONDAY, the 11th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms—

6 handsome young Pegu Ponies just imported.

The Ponies can be seen at the Timber Depot of Mr. Hajee Ooman Aba at Waree Bunder, opposite Prince's Dock.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On TUESDAY, the 12th July, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, Marine Street, Fort, the stock-in-trade of the late Gangjee Virjee, consisting of teak and blackwood household furniture, glassware, crockery, pictures, lamps, China and Japanese flower-vases table-ornaments, small safe, etc.

The property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, July 6, 1892.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF WHITE PERCALE STRIPES.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 6th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, by order of the concerned, and on account and risk of Runchordas Mowjee—

RM 1753-92—49 cases No. 1700 percale stripes, 25 inches 9 yards.

On account and risk of Mr. Luckmidass Manockjee.

16 bales grey T. cloth.

1 case white shirtings.

On SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at 41, Upper Colaba, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished household furniture, best plated-ware, rich cut-glass and glassware, handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, oleographs, and pictures Hinks and Ditmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, &c., the property of Lieut. C. F. PEACOCKE, R.A.

The property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF TENTS.

Under instructions from the Assistant Adjutant-General, Bombay District, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will on SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 3 p.m., sell by Public Auction on the Crescent, opposite the Sailors' Home—

6 camp equipage tents.

The above are now on view.

On SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 3 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a few articles of furniture, &c., consisting of chairs, teapoys, tables, cupboards, lamps, wearing apparel, medical books, sword belts, &c., the property of a gentleman proceeded to Europe.

10 cases Calcutta sea, (dust) salt water damaged.

By order of the concerned and on account and risk of Messrs. Shaik Butrodin and Sons of Agra—

257—1 case chocolate.
1 „ dolls.
2 cases toys.

AT 1-30 P. M.

1 second-hand strong palanquin office shigram.

1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham.

1 powerful bay Arab horse, aged, quiet to ride and drive.

1 strong-built Victoria; with removeable coach box.

By order of Purshotam Dhurumsy and on account and risk of Narayan Harichandra Mantry.

1 dog-cart with horse and harness.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 16th inst., at 1 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 9, Melows Street, Fort, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, best plate ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome table ornaments, Hinks's and Ditmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, &c., &c., the property of Mrs. M. J. COLAHAN.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the day of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, SITUATED AT PORTUGUESE STREET.

On WEDNESDAY, the 27th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of Bai Mangla, widow of Gangadas Bhanabhoy, and on account and risk of Ladoobai, widow of Lohar Narongee Premjee, the following landed property:—

All that piece or parcel of Government ground, with the messtage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, together with the new buildings and structures situate, lying, and being without the Fort walls of Bombay at Coomarwada, in the street called or known by the name of Portuguese Street, in the registration sub-district of Bombay and registered in the books of the Collector of land Revenue under No. 2970, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment formerly under No. 49 and now under ward Nos. 7706-7 and street No. 5385, which said premises contain by admeasurement 45 ft. length and 23 ft. in breadth, be the same little more or less, and bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the east by the public road, called Portuguese Street, on or towards the west by the vacant ground of Odha Naran, on or towards the north by a passage and the house of Framjee Andhiaroo, and towards the south by a passage and the temple of Ramchanderjee, belonging to Kessowjee Virjee, which said premises are now in the occupation of the said Ladoobai and her tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, July 6, 1892.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF MULLS, NAINSOOK, JACCONETTS, TREASURY CHEST, &c.

Under instructions from N. C. Macleod, Esq., Acting Official Assignee, H.C., and in re-Ruttonsey Damodhur Thacker and others, traded in the name of Mochjee Hemraz as piece-goods merchants, insolvents, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 7th instant, at 2 p.m., at their sale rooms No. 4, Forbes and Medows Streets, Fort, a quantity of white piece-goods, viz., pieces of white mulls, nainsook, and jaconnets, iron treasury chest, brass lamp, mehta boxes, clock, punkha, carpets, beds, and pillows, small cupboard, &c.

Also by order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, consisting copper and brass pots, benches, &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, July 6, 1892.

TO SHIPS' CAPTAINS.

WHILE in PORT see that your CHRONOMETERS are ACCURATE.

CHRONOMETERS thoroughly cleaned, Compensated or rated by the finest, most experienced practical European Assistants in India, and in the shortest possible time.

Rates supplied and perfect Accuracy Guaranteed. Special terms to Shipping Companies and Agents.

MARCKS & Co., LD.

WATCH, CLOCK, and CHRONOMETER MAKERS.
43, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY, and at POONA.

WM. HUTCHINSON & CO.,

EAST INDIA MERCHANTS AND AGENTS,

1, Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross, London.

Consignments of Produce received and disposed of.

Indents executed with care and promptitude.

Passages booked by all lines of Steamers.

All agency business undertaken.

THE "ST. JAMES'S BUDGET,"
A WEEKLY EDITION
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"ST. JAMES'S GAZETTE."
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION,
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Twelve Months..... Rs. 26
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The "St. James's Budget" may be ordered at the above rates from Messrs. THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta; Messrs. THACKER and Co., Ld., Bombay; or Messrs. HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

The Paper will be posted from London direct to the Subscriber's Address.

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OFFICE:—Dorset Street, Whitefriar, London.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical, Surveying, Drawings, Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical Appliances, as expeditiously and cheaply as any Firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair share of Public Patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated Pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in the full Confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory Manner and Guaranteed.

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST,

No. 3, HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL,"
Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.

AGENTS WANTED.

PUTTEES.

FOR superior Woollen Puttees, both khakee, blue and dark-green, with seamless edges. Apply to the ELGIN MILLS, Cawnpore.

Prices on application.

ESTABLISHED IN A. D. 1888.

S. N. GHOSH'S COMPOUND DECOCTION
SARSAPARILLA.

THIS preparation has been prescribed with great success in cases of Weakness, Scurvy, Scrofula, Rheumatic Affections, Sore-eyes and all other diseases arising from impurities of the blood. Price: Re. 1-8 per phial, packing, As. 4; Dozen, Rs. 15.

WONDERFUL RHEUMATIC OIL, S. N. G.'S.

It is a valuable remedy in Rheumatism, Lumbago Sciatica, Rheumatic Gout, &c., of any standing. Price Re. 1 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 10.

SPLEEN MIXTURE, S. N. G.'s.

Is one of the best and most reliable medicines for Spleen Enlargement, and never fails to give relief. Price; Re. 1-4 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 12.

S. N. GHOSH, Chemist,
No. 85, Bechoo Chatterjee Street, Calcutta.

JEYE'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS CO., LIMITED.

JEYE'S SANITARY POWDER
AND
JEYE'S PERFECT PURIFIER (LIQUID).

DISINFECTANTS, Antiseptics, and Deodorizers, largely used by the Governments of Ceylon, Hongkong, Straits Settlements, and by Municipalities, Hospitals, Railway and Steamship Companies both in India and England.

Perfect Purifier Supersedes Carbolic and other Disinfectants, being non-poisonous, non-corrosive and stainless in use.

The Company has now received 47 Prize Medals and Awards.

For further particulars and prices apply to the

Agents—EWART, LATHAM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

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GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1892.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1892, contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and gives the history of the remarkable progress made by the city in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the many public buildings which have been completed during the year.

THE BOMBAY DIRECTORY

Has been carefully enlarged, verified, and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 5.

REUTER'S London financial telegram of yesterday evening reports Consols unchanged at 96⅞; but Indian Sterling Loan was ¼ per cent. lower, at 107¼. About £200,000 in Gold was paid into the Bank of England. The market rates of discount were unaltered. The price of Bar Silver remained at 40½d. per oz.; but Rupee Securities were ⅜ per cent. lower in each denomination, at £68⅜ for Fours, and £68¼ for 4½ per Cents. We have no fresh quotation for Silver from New York, that market having been still closed yesterday for holidays. The Exchange Banks buying rate in London on India remained at 1s. 3 3-16d. Paris quotations come unaltered at 98¼ for Rentes, and fcs. 25·17½ for Exchange on London.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed dull last evening; Surats and Arrivals quiet; the Sales having aggregated only 6,000 bales, without any East Indians. The price of spot American remained at 4d. per lb.; and Surats were unchanged in value; but American Arrivals were 1-16d. lower in all positions, the extreme quotations being 3 55-64d. for July and July-August deliveries, and 4 1-64d. for November-December. The day's Imports were 13,000 bales. The Manchester Market was quiet.

Here, though nothing whatever has been done to-day in Cotton for export, local spinners have been in the market to a moderate extent, and have bought altogether 2,700 bales, consisting of 800 Bengals, at Rs. 167-9½; 600 Barsee, at Rs. 178-9; 400 Nugger, at Rs. 180; 250 each of Khangaum, at Rs. 161; and Julgaum, at Rs. 171; and 200 each of Dharwar, at Rs. 182½; and Compta Ginned, at Rs. 180 per candy. The tone of the market has been quiet, and prices are unchanged.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.—These markets have been closed to-day for a native (Hindu) holiday.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay on Sunday and yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	2,197 bales.
Wheat	16,117 cwts.
Linseed	9,136 „
Rapeseed	13,066 „
Poppyseed	3,739 „
Groundnuts	4,285 „
Castorseed	7,287 „
Rice	3,349 „

FREIGHTS are without change, and takers of tonnage are still scarce. Business for Antwerp was done at 12s. 6d. per ton for Seeds and Wheat; but 13s. 6d. was afterwards refused.

EXCHANGE opened at 1s. 3⅜d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 13-32d. for Demand, and at 1s. 3 9-16d. for three months' sight Credits, without, however, any business being reported either way; but in the face of Gold dealers turning round, and being apparently, buyers instead of sellers of the metal today, rates dropped 1-32d., all round, closing quiet as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 3⅜d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 3 11-32d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 3 13-32d.	„
Credits do.	1s. 3 17-32d.	„
Francs do.	1·63¼	„

GOVERNMENT PAPER opened at a material decline from last evening's final rates for Fours, though steady at the fall, and business was done in the earlier part of the day at 107 1-16d.; but later on the feeling was weak and the market left off at 107 to 107 1-16 for cash, and 106⅞ for the July settlement; 4½ per Cents being still quoted at 106¼.

SHARES are neglected on all lines, and our quotations this evening show no change, lacking the test of business.

BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending June 28, as compared with the statement of June 21, 1892:—

LIABILITIES.	June 21. Rs.	A.	P.	June 28. Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	47,00,000	0	0	47,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits, &c.	2,73,90,293	4	4	1,75,38,538	11	8
Other Deposits, &c.	4,97,46,748	4	7	5,24,73,761	12	3
Bank Post Bills, &c.	1,99,332	15	9	2,36,944	1	11
Sundries	35,09,207	1	0	35,48,730	5	2
	Rs. 10,55,45,581	9	8	9,86,18,025	2	0

ASSETS.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities	1,26,65,509	0	0	1,30,65,203	8	0
Other authorised Invtmts.	53,66,201	0	0	57,32,101	0	0
Loans on Govt. and other authorised Securities	1,72,08,270	14	8	1,66,10,851	12	4
Credits on do.	73,58,514	0	10	74,86,895	5	7
Bills Discounted, &c.	1,81,37,377	3	11	1,79,84,980	6	0
Balances with other Banks	4,01,622	10	11	4,23,020	10	4
Bullion	2,01,400	1	11	1,55,287	3	8
Dead Stock	12,36,417	10	5	12,36,479	0	4
Stamps	10,054	2	0	9,784	13	0
Sundries	15,23,354	9	8	15,23,017	4	4
Cash, &c., at Head Office	1,60,92,632	12	6	1,61,79,755	10	6
Do. at Branches	2,47,42,137	6	10	1,79,10,647	7	11
	Rs. 10,55,45,581	9	8	9,86,18,025	2	0

The following is the Bank's memorandum of liabilities and assets up to June 28, 1892:—

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	
Treasury Balance at Head Office	27,34,100	Dec.
Do. at Branches	70,57,655	do.
Other Deposits	27,27,284	Inc.
Post Bills	97,651	do.
ASSETS.		
Bank's Investments	1,65,534	Inc.
Loans	5,97,419	Dec.
Accounts of Credit	1,25,251	Inc.
Mercantile Bills	1,52,337	Dec.
Cash at Head Office	3,87,074	Inc.
Do. at Branches	68,51,490	Dec.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ended June 25, 1892, on 461 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	90,000	2,10,000	4,000	3,01,000
Or per mile of Railway	195	455	9	659
For previous 24 weeks of half-year.	23,29,708	59,15,795	1,41,764	83,87,267
Total for 25 weeks.	24,19,708	61,25,795	1,45,764	86,91,267
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	83,430	2,30,729	18,303	3,35,462
Per mile of Ry do.	187	501	40	728
Total to corresponding date do.	23,44,398	58,39,246	1,43,308	83,26,862

Decrease for the week..... Rs. 31,462
Increase to date..... „ 3,64,405

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

JULY 5.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, Interrupted. Via Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, Interrupted. Via Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz-Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon-St. Vincent, perfect.

At present telegrams in code language cannot be accepted for Blagowestchensk and Possiet.

Telegrams for Salvador except Libertad can be accepted only at sender's risk.

Secret language in telegrams for Kotonou is temporarily prohibited.

Cable Mossamedes-Cape Town interrupted.

Turkish route interrupted beyond Busreh.

Mails for Persian Gulf close at Karachi at 9 p.m., on Wednesday, the 6th instant.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 5th July, 1892.

(Difference in longitude allowed for)

Via.	Latest Date. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	...	..	..	...	..
Teheran	5	12	18 p.m.	...	15
Suez	5	3	p.m.	...	5

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours, ending 8 p.m. on 5th July, 1892.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum. H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	45	—	1
„ Kurrachee	...	42	—	1
„ Madras	...	36	—	1

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

BROOKS—June 28, at "Bee Hive," Murree, the wife of Sergeant-Major S Brooks, 1st Punjab Volunteer Rifles, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

DE HOXAR—June 29, at Benares, Thomas de Hoxar, aged 31 years, 8 months and 28 days.
HUNTER—June 27, at Ferozepore, of cholera, William Spiller Hunter, Lieutenant, Royal Engineers, aged 27 years.
RIBBINS—June 28, at Steamer-ghat, Dibrugarh, Assam, Captain George William Ribbins, of the I G S N Co, aged 57 years, 10 months and 14 days.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JULY 6, 1892.

THE General Election is getting into full swing. Already forty-seven Conservatives, seven Liberal Unionists, and thirty-seven Liberals have been elected. The Conservatives were fortunate in having a considerable majority of the uncontested seats, which, as was expected, has given them a distinct advantage in the first returns. The contested elections began on Monday and resulted in the return of twenty-nine Conservatives, one Liberal Unionist, and twenty-nine Liberals. The Liberals, however, gained nine seats, as against a Conservative gain of three, giving a nett gain of six so far to the Opposition. Sir John Gorst has changed his constituency. Leaving Chatham, threatened by Sir Andrew Clarke, the Liberal candidate, who has been for some years wooing that borough, to the care of Colonel L. V. Lloyd, Conservative candidate, he has been returned with Professor R. Jebb by Cambridge University. Mr. Douglas Straight, who recently left India, has been defeated at Stafford by Mr. C. E. Shaw, the Liberal candidate, who was also opposed by Mr. A. Stanley, in the interests of the Labour party. This seat was wrested from the Liberals by Mr. Thomas Salt, in 1886, defeating Mr. C. B. B. Maclaren, by a majority of 93. In 1885 Mr. Maclaren had beaten Mr. Salt by a majority of 714. At Derby, Sir William Harcourt and Alderman T. Roe, the sitting member, have defeated Mr. H. B. Hextall, Conservative, and Sir H. Haslam, Liberal Unionist, by 9,161 votes. In 1886 the Liberal majority was 2,225. At Bradford the Right Hon'ble Mr. Shaw LeFevre the sitting member, has defeated the Marquis of Lorne, who stood as a Liberal Unionist. The Liberal majority in 1886 was 459; in 1885, it was three times as large, being 1,543. At Northampton Mr. Henry Labouchere and Mr. M. P. Manfield have held their seats against Mr. J. M. Robertson, an Independent Radical, and Mr. H. C. Richards, Conservative, aspirants. In the bye-election, on the death of Mr. Bradlaugh, early in 1891, Mr. Manfield defeated the Conservative candidate, Mr. R. A. Germaine by a majority of 1,713. Mr. W. S. Caine, repentant Liberal, who has found salvation, has been returned for Bradford (East) defeating Mr. H. Byron Reed, Conservative, the Secretary of the Church Defence Association, and Mr. E. Blackford, the Labour candidate, who, it was expected, would split the Liberal vote, and enable Mr. Reed to keep his seat. The Conservative majority in 1880 was 296, in 1885 a Liberal was returned with a majority of 346. In York which returns two members, Mr. Frank Lockwood, Q.C., Liberal, has retained his seat, while his colleague, Mr. A. E. Pease, of the well-known Quaker family of that name in Darlington, has been unseated by Mr. J. G. Butcher, the Conservative candidate. In 1886, the aggregate votes gave the Liberals a majority of 490 while in 1885 they had a majority of 823. Mr. J. Bryce, member for the southern division of the City of Aberdeen, has held his seat against Mr. H. H. Champion, Labour candidate, formerly an officer of artillery stationed at Colaba. The more serious fighting is yet to come. None of the contested elections for London constituencies have yet been held. In the Strand division, the son of the late Mr. W. H. Smith has had a walk-over. Meanwhile three of the Labour candidates, whose appearance in the field was expected to split the Liberal vote, and let the Conservative win, have been placed *hors de combat* without any detriment to the threatened Gladstonian.

THE able and vigilant Anglo-Indian who contributes the valuable articles on "Indian Affairs" to the *Times*, on the eve of the Dissolution warned candidates at the Elections now in progress to beware of indulging in the sensational clap-trap about the use of opium in India. Much mischievous and misleading literature has been for some time past so largely disseminated amongst the uninstructed electors in England, and more generally still we are informed in Scotland. The honest protest addressed by the Vice-President of the Wesleyan Missionary College of Madras against the violence and exaggeration of the "agitation of half-truths," which has of late been organised at Home, and the exposure of the misrepresentation so freely used to influence the unthinking has, it may be hoped, delivered the Nonconformist conscience from what appeared to be the eminent danger of being misled on a subject of great importance. Mr. Hoare's testimony is of the more value as it is not open to any imputation of being tainted by official bias. He is an eminent Nonconformist Minister with long personal experience of India, and has nothing whatever to gain by opposing what is unhappily the present drift of opinion on the subject among the churches at Home. He does not speak for himself alone, but on the part of "a large number of earnest men," who look on the present agitation with great misgiving. He and those on whose behalf he writes repudiate with indignation the violence of the unscrupulous and unpatriotic agitators who in effect assert that the Government of India is constituted of fiends who have conspired to debauch the morals and poison the bodies of the people committed to their care. It has, he truly states, "become a matter of wonder to many of us how Christian men can tolerate the violence of language which wins the applause of Exeter Hall." The sensational side of the agitation is not its least objectionable feature; but it is left far behind by the untruthful parody of the facts placed before audiences who have no means of verification. A pamphlet with a coloured map has been spread broadcast, which is intended to show that the Madras Presidency consumes sufficient Government opium to poison its population if unused to the drug, three times over. Other parts of India ware represented in darker colours denoting that the opium consumed, would poison an unhabituated population thirty times over! The very pamphlet which this deeply stained map accompanied and intensified, showed that the Madras Presidency imports 67,000lbs. of opium in the year, for the consumption of a population of 35 millions. As Mr. Hoare very justly says, how great would be the elation of the temperance party if only 67,000 barrels of beer or bottles of brandy were consumed in Great Britain in a year. The exclusive right to sell opium in the city of Madras, with a population of 400,000 souls, was put up to auction, and no one could bid more than Rs. 16,000 for the monopoly. It is not to be supposed that the monopoly of the years sale of beer in Birmingham, with a population of 400,000, would only bring £1,000.

There has been equal exaggeration and sensationalism in regard to the evil effects of opium on all who use it. Mr. Hoare has himself visited the worst and the best of the opium dens in Madras, and he has seen—what may be seen in Bombay by any enquirer who chooses to go and see for himself—how far it is true that the dens attract and debauch the whole population. In the worst den there were twenty men in two small rooms; and twenty outside. Some were smoking, some were not; none were drowsy; all were awake and quiet. The place compared well with a gin-palace or beer-house in the slums of an English town. The regulations were posted up; the proprietor had to keep a register of his stock; and was forbidden to sell more than one tola's weight to any smoker, or to take clothes, &c., in exchange for the goods. A better class of opium den, kept by a Chinaman who spoke English, and did not himself smoke opium, stated that consumption was not increasing; but it was decidedly falling off; the price of opium having risen until it costs one and a-half its own weight in silver. The Chinaman had never heard of opium being used for sensual purposes, as is commonly alleged by the agitators; other drugs are so used, and are sometimes mixed with opium. Mr. Hoare's conviction is that the opium trade in India is much less injurious to individuals and the community than the liquor traffic in England. This impression may be challenged on the ground that Mr. Hoare's experience is local and limited to Madras, but that objection cannot be urged against the marshalling of facts and figures by Dr. Mouat, a high authority with a European reputation on medical statistics. Writing in the *Lancet* on the subject from the point of view of hygiene, and without any reference to the issues raised by the present agitation, he shows that of 56,000 recorded cases of sick treated in the Calcutta hospitals before the agitation was begun, and when it was impossible that the returns could have been prepared with bias one way or the other, there was not a single case of either disease or death attributed to the use or abuse of opium. The number of prisoners under observation in the prisons of Bengal during a period of five years amounted to upwards of three hundred thousand; of these an average of five per cent. were always in hospital. The use of opium is strictly forbidden in the Bengal gaols, and if the use of the drug before admission was the predisposing cause of disease, the fact would have been noted as justifying the prohibition. No case of disease or death was assigned to opium in the prisons. In Assam, a province in which opium is regarded as a necessary of life, the prisoners when deprived of the drug to which they had been accustomed from infancy, did not suffer after the first few day's depression had passed; no reference to disease or death from the previous use of the drug was ever made in the returns. The records of the Indian lunatic asylums show that while the use of ganja, and bhang, preparations of the intoxicating and deadly Indian hemp, appears in every return as a cause of lunacy, opium is rarely mentioned. To these evidences we may add another. When the Panama Railway was being constructed through the most malarious country in the world, by coolies who smoked a good deal of opium, some well-intentioned busybodies induced the directors of the American Railway Company to prohibit the use of the soul-destroying drug. The Chinese labourers deprived of opium died off like flies; they became so depressed by fever, that it was a practice for a group of them to go down to the sea-shore and await the returning tide so that they might die, and be at rest. The supply of opium was resumed and the mortality from malaria and suicide alike diminished.

Mr. Hoare shows very clearly the practical aspect of the political issues placed in jeopardy by an unscrupulous agitation. The agitators tell the English and Scottish electors that it is the easiest thing in the world to suppress not only the sale of opium, but the cultivation of the poppy throughout India—an operation which, if it could be effected, would cause a loss to India of £13,000,000 per annum—and it is asserted that only the obstinacy and the wickedness of the Government of India stand in the way of the suppression. "What we are afraid of," he writes, "is that the Parliament may itself without enquiry, on *ex-parte* information, decide to act, and that in such an event the benefit to the Indian people would be insignificant, and the mischief incalculable." The prohibition of the use of opium would infallibly lead to a vast increase of the use of bhang, and intoxicating liquors. As Sir William Hunter well expresses it, we must not expect that a British-made law will suddenly accomplish for non-Christian India what nineteen centuries of Christianity have not done for any European country, and turn the whole population into total abstainers. The energetic presentment of the realities, which were overlaid and hidden by organised misrepresentation and wholesale calumny is very timely, in view of the pressure applied to candidates to pledge themselves offhand to vote for the extirpation of opium throughout India.

THE annual report on the jails of the Bombay Presidency for 1891 shows a considerable increase, alike in the total number of admissions and the number of convicts confined in the jails as compared with the previous year. 53,540 prisoners were admitted as against 52,538, and the convicts numbered 15,931 compared with 15,849. Exceedingly cautious as regards explanations of the features of this report is the Inspector-General of Prisons, who is in some perplexity as to the gradual increase in the volume of crime noted. He very properly refrains from offering any opinion, when he has not formed one. The very elastic expressions made use of in the recent Resolution on the Police administration of the City and Island of Bombay do not appear to have been yet formulated when the Prisons Report was reviewed, and in the Government resolution which covers this report there is no attempt to assist the Inspector-General to any conclusion. As to the diminution in the average daily jail population which is shown, the infliction of lighter sentences is suggested as the explanation, but the theory is rejected as unsafe almost as soon as words have been found to express it, for it is shown that the numbers of prisoners sentenced to long periods of imprisonment are largely in excess of those of previous years, and the "natural fluctuation" idea might not inappropriately have been introduced. Perhaps the most remarkable feature of the report is the record of escapes from jail, which in the year increased from fourteen to twenty-eight. Of this large number only seven rascals were unlucky enough to be recaptured. On this subject Government expresses its regret at the deplorable occurrence, promises that on the application of the Inspector-General the prison guard is to have more serviceable weapons. This, perhaps, may prevent twenty-one out of twenty-eight avoiding recapture; but we imagine it will necessitate the introduction of the heading "Buckshot" into the table showing the manner in which prisoners have obtained their discharge. From the fact that about a seventh of the total convicts are reconvicted prisoners, a compliment to the vigilance of the police is evolved. By the augmentation of the detective branch of the service it is believed that the proportion of cases in which previous convictions are established prior to the trial of prisoners will be still further increased. It is preferable that the police should be a preventive rather than a punitive force, and a diminution in crime would more greatly redound to its honour than the number of convictions which officers obtain. Especially would this be the case in regard to reconvictions, for experience in England as well as in India has shown that nothing is more easy than to obtain the reconviction of a returned convict whose second term of imprisonment is not usually lighter than his first, and whose influence on his fellow-prisoners is neither conducive to his welfare nor to the

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE GENERAL ELECTIONS.

LATEST RETURNS.

LONDON, JULY 4.

The following candidates have been returned unopposed :—

CONSERVATIVES.

Sir J. Gorst, Cambridge University.
Professor R. C. Jebb, Cambridge University.
Sir C. Pearson, Edinburgh and St. Andrews University.
Dr. Campbell, Glasgow and Aberdeen University.
Marquis of Granby, Melton (Leicestershire).
W. Johnston, Belfast (S).
Sir E. Harland, Belfast (N).
Hon. F. D. Smith, Strand.
A. Baldwin, Bewdley (Worcestershire).
G. W. Wolff, Belfast (E).
Thos. Fielden, Middleton, S. E. Lancashire.

LIBERALS.

D. Randell, Gower (Western Glamorganshire).
Thos. Burt, Morpeth.
H. G. Broad, South Derbyshire.
W. Rathbone, North or Arvon division of Carnarvonshire.

LONDON, JULY 5.

The following candidates have been elected :—

CONSERVATIVES.

G. H. Finch, Rutlandshire.
George Wyndham, Dover.
W. Myers, Winchester.
Lord Francis Hervey, Bury St. Edmunds.
R. Winn, Pontefract.
T. G. Bowles, King's Lynn.
R. S. Donkin, Tynemouth.
Sir S. Northcote, Exeter.
J. B. Addison, Ashton-under-Tyne.
H. S. Wright, Nottingham (S).
R. N. P. Fitzgerald, Cambridge.
Col. L. W. Lloyd, Chatham.
A. F. Godson, Q.C., Kidderminster.
Horatio Davies, Rochester.
T. H. Sidebottom, Staleybridge.
J. T. Agg-Gardener, Cheltenham.
Hon. Sydney Herbert, Croydon.
W. E. M. Tomlinson } Preston
R. W. Hanbury }
Viscount Bury, Birkenhead.
W. Coddington } Blackburn.
W. H. Hornby }
Wilson Noble, Hastings.
F. S. N. Cornwallis, Maidstone.
J. E. Spencer, West Bromwich.
Hon. G. H. Allsopp, Worcester.
J. G. Butcher, York.
Captain Naylor Leyland, Colchester.
L. J. Jennings, Stockport.
H. Shepherd Cross..... } Bolton.
Hon. Col. Bridgeman..... }

UNIONISTS.

Colonel Seely, Nottingham.

LIBERALS.

W. J. Ingram, Boston.
John Bruce, Greenock.
Chas. E. Shaw, Stafford.
J. S. Balfour, Burnley.
W. H. Cornfell, Hereford.
W. Crossfield, Lincoln.
Mathew Fowler, Durham.
T. Potter, Rochdale.
G. W. Palmer, Reading.
A. Illingworth, Bradford (W).
Professor Hunter, Aberdeen.
Thos. Robinson, Gloucester.
W. Summers, Huddersfield.
Sir W. V. Harcourt } *Derby.
Alderman T. Roe }

*By a majority of 1961 votes.

Right Hon. G. Shaw Lefevre,* Bradford.

* Defeating the Marquis of Lorne.

H. Labouchere } Northampton.
M. P. Manfield }
W. S. Caine, Bradford (East).
W. C. Gully, Q.C., Carlisle.
Arnold Morley, Nottingham.
A. C. Morton, Peterborough.
Christopher Furness, the Hartlepools.
Frank Lockwood, Q.C., York.
Walter Ballantyne, Coventry.
Archibald Grove, West Ham.
Hon. W. H. James, Gateshead.
Professor J. Bryce, Aberdeen (South).
Major W. A. S. Hume, Stockport.

LABOUR CANDIDATE.

James Keir Hardie, West Ham.

LIBERAL GAINS.

JULY 5.

Yesterday's election returns show that forty-seven Conservatives, seven Unionists, and thirty-seven Liberals have been elected.

The Liberals have gained nine seats and the Conservatives three.

Mr. Chas. E. Shaw, Liberal candidate, has been elected for Stafford, defeating Mr. Douglas Straight, the Conservative candidate.

The polling is everywhere very heavy.

THE ORIENTAL BANK FAILURE.

Mr. Justice Williams has confirmed the order for winding up the New Oriental Bank.

THE BEYTS CRAIG CASE.

A receiving order has been made against the firm of Beyts, Craig and Co. The liabilities amount to one hundred and sixty thousand pounds.

THE GAEKWAR OF BARODA.

H. H. the Gaekwar of Baroda visited her Majesty the Queen yesterday, and was received with military honours.

CHOLERA IN RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, JULY 4.

It is officially announced that the cholera has appeared at Saratoff.

JULY 5.

Latest advices state that cholera is steadily advancing towards Moscow, and has appeared at Samara.

ANOTHER RUSSIAN EXPEDITION TO THE PAMIRS.

Colonel Gromchevsky starts on an expedition to the Pamirs in the autumn.

AN EXPEDITION TO CHINA.

ST. PETERSBURG, JULY 4.

The scientific expedition under M. Patanine to the North-East of China, leaves here at the end of July.

THE LAND INDEBTEDNESS COMMISSION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 5.

On completion of the work in connection with the Land Indebtedness Commission Mr. J. W. Neill, president, takes a year's furlough.

THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY CONFERENCE.

The Government of India will, it is understood, be represented at the International Monetary Conference, their recommendations to this effect having been sent to the Secretary of State.

THE CURRENCY QUESTION.

There is no foundation for the statement that the Government of India have resolved to send a representative to England to press the currency question upon the attention of the home authorities. The report is probably due to their recommendations regarding the Monetary Conference.

INDIAN FURLOUGH PAY.

The India Office may, as stated, have sanctioned monthly instead of quarterly payments of Indian furlough pay in England, but the Secretary of State has held no communication on the subject with the authorities in this country.

THE IMPERIAL INSTITUTE.

One useful feature of the Imperial Institute will be its Commercial Intelligence Department, which will have branches in all the principal British Colonies and in India. As the first-fruits of the labours of this department there is shortly to be published a comprehensive year book, which is expected to contain much useful information that have not before been brought together in a compact volume.

OIL IN THE SHIRANI COUNTRY.

The oil in the Shirani country has now been more thoroughly examined by Mr. Oldham of the Geological Survey, who pronounces it to be of a very fine quality, although it is impossible to decide at present in what quantity it exists. This very important question will have to be worked out by practical explorers, probably the Punjab Oil Company, which have been more or less associated with the Geological Department in its investigation. The local opinion as to the quality of oil has been fully borne out by the subsequent analysis in the official laboratory at Calcutta.

EXECUTION OF THE RAMPUR MURDERERS.

The four men convicted of the murder of the late General Azim-ud-Din, and sentenced to death on the 22nd June by a special tribunal, recently constituted at Rampur, were executed on Monday last. Memorials on behalf of the convicts pleading for clemency were presented to the Rampur State Council, on the 28th June, and forwarded by that body to the local Government on the following day with papers of the case. After a careful and personal consultation with Colonel Newbery, Senior Judge in the trial, the Lieutenant-Governor decided that the plea for clemency could not be entertained. Application for two weeks further delay by counsel was rejected as the local Government had examined the plea for clemency, and could not entertain any petition of counsels for a court of appeal or a revision on the merits of the conviction.

THE BANK OF MADRAS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 5.

The Bank of Madras has declared a dividend for the past half-year at the rate of nine per cent. per annum, and has carried forward one lakh and thirty-two thousand rupees. The business has been very satisfactory, considering the depressed state of the trade.

THE MADRAS ELECTRIC TRAMWAYS COMPANY.

The Madras Electric Tramways Company have been successfully floated, and the construction begins in October.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, JULY 4.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Grant left here for Colombo, Madras, and Calcutta on the afternoon of the 2nd inst.

SUEZ, JULY 4.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Drummond left here for Colombo, Madras and Calcutta this morning.

PORT SAID, JULY 4.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Manora left here yesterday morning.

LONDON, JULY 4.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macalister arrived here this morning.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macgregor arrived here this morning.

SINGAPORE, JULY 5.

The s.s. Teheran extra arrived here this morning.

The Austrian Lloyd's s.s. Melpomene left for Bombay this afternoon.

COLOMBO, JULY 5.

The mail steamer Coromandel from Calcutta arrived.

His Highness the Sultan of Zanzibar's s. s. Nyanza reached Zanzibar from Bombay direct yesterday.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JULY 4.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed dull. Surats quiet.

Good Dhollera 3 7-16

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

2½ per cent. Consols	96⅞
3 per cent. Rentes	98½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107¼
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	68⅝
4½ per cent. „	68¼
Bar Silver	40¼

THE WEATHER AT ZANZIBAR AND ADEN.

THE Eastern Telegraph Company sends us the following messages :—

Zanzibar 5, 8 a.m.—Weather, fine ; wind, direct S.S.W. ; anemometer, 425·9 ; and three minutes after, 426·8.

Aden 5, 10 a.m.—Bar, 29·83 ; ther. 92 ; wind, S.S.E., variable ; and force, 407.

SOME mystery was for a time made in the New South Wales Legislature respecting the object of the visit of the Prime Minister of the Colony to England. Now that Mr. Dibbs is here he has freely given reasons for coming to London. To one of Reuter's representatives he is reported to have stated that besides acting for his own Colony he has been authorised by the Governments of Victoria, South Australia, Tasmania and New Zealand to represent their views to the Imperial Government on the financial position of Australia. He intends to seek an opportunity of addressing the public on this subject. While stating that he had not come over for the purpose of floating a new loan, he added that he intended to do his best to place Australian finance on a more satisfactory footing, and to urge upon Lord Knutsford that certain legislation should be introduced into the Imperial Parliament with this view. With regard to the report that he would assume the office of Agent-General in London, Mr. Dibbs said he had no such intention. He was, however, of opinion that the office of Agent-General should not be a permanency, as after a certain number of years an Agent-General was liable to get out of touch with the Colony he represented.

TABLE TALK.

[BY WALTER BESANT.]

LONDON, JUNE 17.

WHO can guess the place I have been staying in? It is within very easy reach of London—within Saturday half-holiday reach : it is only a couple of miles or so beyond a tram, and within a mile of a railway station. Once a great house stood here, a house with a long history. Sir Thomas Moore used to stay at this house because it belonged to his son-in-law. Queen Mary stayed here, Queen Elizabeth was entertained here in much state, and Sir Philip Sidney himself was not too proud—nay *was* proud—to write a masque for the entertainment of that bright occidental star, the Lady Gloriana. The house at that time belonged to Robert Dudley, Earl of Leicester ; when he died the furniture and contents were sold—the noble lord's library fetching the princely sum of thirteen shillings and eight pence. Pepys came here on a visit when Sir Robert Brooks had it. The founder of Child's Bank—old Sir Josiah Child—had it. His son was made an earl because he was so rich and so good. This noble lord pulled down the old house and built a new one. He would have done better to leave the old house standing. His daughter, who succeeded to this vast property, was so unlucky as to marry a man who really in those magnificent days at the beginning of this century, when a penny loaf was invisible to the naked eye, and wheat was a hundred shillings a quarter, and rents were anything you please, beat the record in prodigality and in ten years devoured, wasted, profligated this great inheritance. The contents of the house were all sold—all the pictures, statues, books, vases, and precious things. As for the lady, who was now a countess, the loss of her property killed her. Then her widower married again ; when he died his widow, also a countess, fell into dire straits and entered a workhouse. The house is now pulled down and only the site remains. But the grounds and gardens are a public park and belong to the nation. I wonder how many of my readers, from this history, will be able to name the place?

Perhaps description will help history. Part of the grounds present the unmistakable appearance of a place which has always been woodland : the trees run wild, or seem to run wild. There is an unchecked undergrowth ; paths which are no paths branch off right and left leading nowhere except in and out among the trees ; a stream which has been dammed at one end spreads out into a broad river covered with weeds and set with islets, where the trees stand thick, and where the birds can safely make their nests. Benches are placed beside the stream ; those who sit there presently discover that there are gnats. In the morning this place is deserted : there is no one there at all : the solitary traveller has it all to himself ; in the afternoon there are school girls and children and ladies. But for the benches we might think that we were far away from the madding crowd ; but for the ridiculous rhododendrons that stupid, impertinent gardiners have planted about, we might be in a bit of wild forest—say a bit of Savernake or the New Forest or the Forest of Dean. The children that all play here in the afternoon are so rosy and healthy that they must be country children surely : they have never heard of London. Here is a little company : hand in hand they are running and singing. Is it an ancient rustic ditty? Is it the ballad of *My Lady Lee*? Is it *Lasses and Lads*? Is it *Greensleeves*? Listen. "Ta-ra-ra-boo——." Oh! Let us fly—let us haste away! Outside the wood there is a lake where on summer evenings the little London man places the little London maid in the stern of a boat and brandishes with more splash than progress the uncertain oar. Now—where is this place?

On the whole, Whitsuntide is the best holiday of the year when the rain does not fall to spoil it. We are in full spring : lilac and laburnum, hawthorne, rowan, wisteria, all at their best and loveliest ; it is not yet too hot, we are all happy in the sunshine and the long days ; everybody is hopeful at the beginning of summer : life is at its best. The rose of June is a rose of youth ; after the roses what follow are the flowers of middle age and the fruits autumn. Not the least enjoyable thing about Whitsuntide is the sudden cessation of dinners and invitations. There is rest and quiet for a space. As for me, I will go to no more dinners this seasons. There is only one dinner which I concern myself with—it is the dinner of the Authors' Society. This year it was a very fine function. We had scientific authors by the dozen, with novelists, poets, essayists, journalists, and statesmen. Prof. Michel Foster took the chair ; and I think that may be considered a memorable gathering when there were seen assembled together such men and women as Mrs. Humphrey Ward, Mrs. Lynn Linton, Sir Richard Temple, Sir William Pole, Sir John Evans, Ray Lankester, Huxley, Darwin, Andrew Lang, Nettleship, Rider Haggard, Du Maurier, Austin Dobson, Conan Doyle, Sir Archibald Geikie, Eric Erichsen, Prof. Skeat, Prof. Earle, Frank Stockton, Oswald Crawfurd, the Editor of the *Saturday Review* ; other editors, other novelists, I know not who besides—two hundred in all. This annual dinner serves the useful purpose of reminding literary men and women that they are associated together, and that their association means, not pleasure only, but business also. Gentle reader, if you have a MS., if you have literary ambition—move not—stir not—without taking advice of our Society. We shall charge you nothing for our advice, and you will find it most wholesome and useful.

There is a rocky road not far from Ispahan which, as most people know, is in Persia. This road, or rather one little spot in this road, is remarkable as being the only place left on the earth, so far as has been ascertained, where Azrael, the Angel of Death, is still visible. He appears here, from time to time, a giant figure. If a single traveller behold him, he will die within six months ; if a company behold him, one of that company will die within six months. There is an Englishman who has set eyes upon this frightful spirit and yet survives. It was in the night : he was riding with his following at that time in order to escape the heat of day : there was a bright moon. Suddenly one of his servants, who was riding in advance, came back, warning him to advance no further, for Azrael himself had barred the way. The Englishman laughed and rode out. Right before him in the road stood the figure—dark, majestic, threatening. He recoiled in momentary terror ; then he shouted to the figure, which moved not ; then he drew his revolver and fired once, twice ; but the figure moved not. Then he rode right through the figure. When he looked back it had vanished. He called his people, and they came on reluctantly ; but they said : "Since you defied the Angel of Death and fired your pistol at him, it is you that he will surely take ; as for us, we are safe." Says that traveller now : "I know not what has happened to my men, but as for me, I am none the worse for the adventure." Science would like, I dare say, to give an explanation : it is mirage ; it is this ; it is that ; there is a figure in the Hartz Mountains ; there is another near Hamburg. Armies, ships, battles have been plainly seen in the sky—mirage—nothing but mirage. And when you have said so much, you are not a bit nearer than before, because you cannot make that mirage or prevent it. Much finer is it to see in the figure Azrael himself.

I have only just been to see the Guildhall Exhibition, although it has been open for two months. Heavens! Suppose one had missed it altogether. What a calamity! What a loss! My friends—you who have not yet seen these pictures—hasten, lose no time, take the swiftest conveyance ; see these pictures before they are dispersed. They will never again be gathered together ; it is your only chance. There is such a surprise awaiting you as you never expected or dreamed of. Pictures by the dozen, that have become a faint dream, hang upon the wall. Think! Here you will find Cecil Lawson's *Minister's Garden*—that was in the Grosvenor fourteen years ago. Paul Delaroche's *Martyr*. Frank Hall's *The Lord gave and the Lord hath taken away*—some of us have begun to think of Hall as a portrait painter only. Here is Watts our only great poet painter. Did you ever hope to see again his *Love and Life*? What a tender, beautiful poem picture it is! Life so frail, so thin, so feeble, stepping up the rocky slope, leaning on Love, and as she steps from Love she gathers strength and form and beauty. Her limbs are rounding, her face is softening, she is growing gracious, lovely and strong. Love is all in all to Life.

Here, again, is a lovely picture. It is Frederick Walker's *Old Gate*. It is a picture to dream about. At the head of stone steps before the Old Gate stand an old woman and a girl : children play on the old steps : a young man, ruddy and strong, carrying his tools, stands at the bottom of the old steps : beyond are the fields and trees in late March : one feels the strong cold air of early spring : there are the leaf buds in the branches : there is new life beside the old : childhood beside age. A picture full of feeling. Then, we come to the old pictures—the early Italian school. Fra Angelico's *Death and Coronation of the Virgin* is enough to make a man turn Catholic—can it be nearly five hundred years old? Then there are Rosetti, Holman Hunt, Burne Jones, Millais—to think that one should once more see the *Huguenot*, the *Wheel of Fortune*, *Autumn Leaves*, *Claudio and Isabella*! And there is a Romney—a *Lady Hamilton*, worth a King's ransom. Lady Hamilton's is a face that the painter did well to reproduce in a hundred forms. It is the face of the English rustic at her very best. Never was there a country damsel—Sukey, Moll, or Bet—more lovely than this witch. You will find no refinement, on suggestion, no great possibilities in her face ; she is young, she perfectly healthy, and perfectly beautiful. As for mind, she has none. I believe that when she grew old the lovely Emma grew fat. So much one would expect. There are many fair women one would wish to see as they were in youth and beauty. Helen of Troy, of course ; and between Helen and Lady Hamilton too many to set down ; but the procession would be incomplete without the lovely Emma.

One always thinks when one looks at great pictures that it is impossible for the country to give too much honour to great painters. Think of all that goes to make a great picture. First of all, the genius and the skill ; then the cultivation of the soul ; then the natural greatness of the mind. If our modern painters had greater minds their pictures would be greater. Consider the suggestion in a great picture ; the things it recalls, the things it suggests, besides the things it preaches aloud. Could we only present Watts for his pictures with a crown of laurel as they did to Petrarch for his poetry! This is how they honoured Petrarch. How would the account of the ceremony read, changing the names? "Clothed with the robe given him by the Queen"—nothing short of gold embroidery, mind you—"Watts, the painter, marched in the midst of six principal citizens of London, namely, the Lord Mayor, the Speaker of the House of Commons, the President of the Royal Academy, the President of the Society of Authors, the Chairman of the London County Council, and the Chairman of the London School Board. These were dressed in green and were preceded by twelve noble youths, six of them being young Princes, dressed in scarlet. The Prince of Wales followed next with the whole of the Royal Family. Then came the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lords Chancellor, the House of Lords, the Judges and Generals and Admirals, and the House of Commons. Everywhere bands played, streamers waved, flags were flying abroad, millions of people were in the street, and all agreed that even this was too little to show the national love and respect for so great and noble a painter." Let us think this over ; let us take some of the national honours into our own hands.

A NEW FOUNTAIN FOR BOMBAY.

THE architectural beauty of the City of Bombay will shortly be enriched by the addition of an ornamental fountain, to be reared in the Fort. The structure, which will slack the thirst of man and beast, is to be erected to perpetuate the memory of the son of Mr. Ruttonsey Mooljee, who died recently. The donor's benevolence and respect for his son's memory could certainly find no better outlet than by at once adding to the beauty of the city, and the comfort of its inhabitants. Mr. F. W. Stevens, C.I.E., F.R.I.B.A., has been instructed to draw up plans for the proposed fountain, and they are now ready, and will be shortly submitted to the Municipal Corporation for approval. The site chosen is a good one, being near the Town Hall, at the junction of the Mint and Frere Roads. Although the architectural beauty of the erection will be somewhat lost amongst the plain and uninteresting buildings of this locality, yet its practical value as a fountain will be made the most of, and no more desirable site could have been chosen by the benevolent Bhattia. Mr. Stevens was asked to design the structure in the Indian style of architecture, and he has carried out the work with that richness of beauty, harmony, and boldness which characterize all his works. The fountain will be 37 feet high from the road level. The main tank, 25 feet in diameter, is circular, and placed upon it are four drinking fountains approached by broad and imposing steps. The small fountains which supply water for man, are beautiful ornamental features in themselves. The refreshing stream will flow from lions' mouths, and each fountain will be crowned with small stone domes. The central structure is the beauty of the design, and has not only the virtue of being pleasing to the eye, but is quite novel in design. It is octagonal in form, and in the centre of the circular tank. The base is of blue, polished Aberdeen granite with flat heads and corbelled. These support the upper stone basin from the sides of which elephants heads throw out large jets of water. The decoration is intended to be typical of the Hindoo religion. Saracenic stone cusped arches, supported by red Aberdeen polished granite columns with ornamental caps, rise above the basin, and the arches are surmounted by a well proportioned and handsome stone dome, which gives a distinctive feature to the whole structure. Beneath the dome a jet of water will play. The dome is surmounted by a life-sized statue in stone of Mr. Ruttonsey's deceased son, a youth of fourteen, who is represented carrying a roll of paper in one hand and a book in the other. The statue will form a pretty terminal and successfully complete a bold, original, and ornate design, calculated to enrich the beauty of an already beautiful city.

THE BLANEY MEMORIAL.

THE following is the list of subscriptions to Dr. Thomas Blaney Memorial Fund :—

Messrs Vurjeevundas Madowdass and Sons	1,000
Bai Motlibai Jehangierjee N Wadia	600
Mr Jamsetjee Nasserwanji Tata	500
Mr Sorabji Framji Patell	400
Mr Jehangierji Cowasji Jehangierjee Readymony	420
Mr Gordhandas Gokaldas Tejpal	300
Mr Rustomjee N Byramji Jeejeebhoy	300
Mr Nowrojee Framjee Albless and Sons	250
Messrs Gopaldas Madowdass and Sons	300
Messrs K M Heeramaneck and Co	3.0
Messrs Dharmsee and Narotumdass Morarji Gokuldass	300
Mr Currimbhoy Ebrahim	250
Mr Vundravandass Pursotundass	250
Messrs Thakersey Mooljee and Sons	250
Messrs Eduljee Framjee Albless and Sons	250
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart	2 0
Mr Sorabjee Shapoorjee Bengalee, CIE	200
Mr Jalbhoy Ardaseer Sett	200
Messrs Manmohandas Ramji and Co	200
Mr Rahimtoola Mahomed Sayanee	200
Mr Pranjeevandass Culliandass	150
Dr K N Bahadoorjee, M D	150
Mr Abdoola Merally Dharamsy	150
Mr Mahomedbhoy Howjee	150
Mr Vizbhookandas Atmaram	150
Messrs Goolamhoosein and Dost Mahomed Allana Nanjee	125
Messrs Nemsee and Rahimtoola Kheraj	125
Mr Gordhandas Khatav Mackonjee	125
Sir Jamsetji Jeejibhoy, Bart, C S I	100
Khan Bahadur Mancherji C Murzbhan, C I E	100
Mr S A Nathan	100
The Hon'ble Nowrojee N. Wadia, C.I.E.	100
Mr Lukmidas Khimji	100
Mr Purbhoodas Jeewandass	50
Messrs Shapoorjee Sorabjee and Ruttonshaw Dadabhoy	50
Mr Kursondas Vulubhdass	50
Mr Culliandas Kirparam	50
Messrs Morarjee Gokaldass Master and Sons	50
Mr Jugmohandas Vundravandass Bhaisett	50
Mr Veerchund Deepchund	50

PRINCE FERDINAND'S reception in England, an Odessa correspondent says, is ungraciously commented upon by the Panslavist organs, some of which see in the Prince's visit a direct personal appeal for his formal acknowledgment as the ruler of Bulgaria, whilst others profess to know that his object is to seek a matrimonial alliance with a British Princess. The latter supposition is of course no less distasteful than the former to the Panslavist commentators.

THE GENERAL ELECTIONS.

LATEST RETURNS.

THE following is a complete list of the election results up to last evening :—

Constituency.	Elected.	Party Gain.	Party Loss.	1886.	1885.
Ashton-under-Tyne	*Mr J B Addison	C		C	C
Aberdeen S	*Professor Hunter	L		L	L
Belfast, S.	*Professor Bryce	L		L	L
„ N.	*Mr W Johnston	C		C	C
„ E.	*Sir E Harland	C		C	C
Bewdley	Mr Wolff	C		C	C
Bristol, E.	Mr A Baldwin	C		C	C
„ W.	*Sir J D Weston	L		L	L
Bury St Edmunds	*Sir M H Beach	C		C	C
Birkenhead	*Lord F Hervey	C		C	C
Blackburn	Viscount Bury	C		C	C
	*Mr W Coddington	C		C	C
	*Mr W H Hornby	C		C	C
Boston	Mr W J Ingram	L	1	C	L
Burnley	*Mr J S Balfour	L	1	U	L
Bradford, W.	*Mr A Illingworth	L		L	L
„ C.	*Rt Hon Shaw Lefevre	L		L	L
„ E.	Mr W Saine	L		C	L
Bolton	Mr H S Cross	C		C	C
	Hon Col Bridgman	C		C	C
Cambridge Univ.	*Sir J Gorst	C		C	C
	*Professor Jebb	C		C	C
Carnarvonshire N	*Mr W Rathbone	L		L	L
Canterbury	*Mr Henniker Heaton	C		C	C
Cambridge	*Mr R N P Fitzgerald	C		C	C
Chatham	Col Lloyd	C		C	C
Cheltenham	*Mr J T Agg Gardner	C		C	C
Croydon	*Hon Sydney Herbert	C		C	C
Colchester	Capt N Leyland	C		C	C
Carlisle	*Mr W C Gully, Q C	L		L	L
Coventry	*Mr W Ballantyne	L	1	C	L
Derbyshire S	Mr H E Broad	L		L	L
Dover	*G Wyndham	C		C	C
Durham	Mr M Fowler	L	1	C	L
Derby	*Sir W V Harcourt	L		L	L
	*Mr Alderman Roe	L		L	L
Edgbaston Birgham	*Mr G Dixon	L		L	L
Edinburgh and St Andrew's Universities	*Sir C Pearson	C		C	C
Exeter	*Sir S Northcote	C		C	C
Glasgow and Aberdeen Universities	*Dr Campbell	C		C	C
Gower (Glamorgan)	*Mr Randall	L		L	L
Gateshead	*Hon W H James	L		L	L
Greenock	Mr J Bruce	L	1	C	L
Gloucester	*Mr T Robinson	L		L	L
Hythe	*Sir E Watkin	C		C	C
Hartlepools	*Mr C Furness	L		L	L
Hastings	Mr W Noble	L		L	L
Hereford	Mr W H Grenfell	L	1	C	L
Huddersfield	*Mr W Summers	L		L	L
Kensington, S	*Sir A Borthwick	C		C	C
Kidderminster	*Mr A F Godson, Q C	C		C	C
King's Lynn	Mr T G Bowles	C		C	C
Leicester	*Mr J A Picton	L		L	L
	*Sir J Whitehead	L		L	L
London University	*Sir J Lubbock	C		C	C
Lincoln	Mr W Crossfield	L		L	L
Manchester, N.W.	*Sir W H Houldsworth	C		C	C
Melton	*Marquis of Granby	C		C	C
Morpeth	*Mr T Burt	L		L	L
Maidstone	*Mr F S N Cornwallis	C		C	C
Middleton, Lancs	Mr T Fielden	C		C	C
Nottingham, S.	*Mr H S Wright	C		C	C
„ E.	*Mr Arnold Morley	L	1	C	L
„ W.	Col Seeley	L		L	L
Northampton	*Mr Labouchere	L		L	L
	*Mr M P Manfield	L		L	L
Oxford University	*Sir G Mowbray	C		C	C
	*Mr J G Talbot	C		C	C
Paddington, S	*Lord R Churchill	C		C	C
Peterborough	*Mr A C Morton	L		L	L
Preston	*Mr Tomlinson	C		C	C
	*Mr Hanbury	C		C	C
Pontefract	*Hon R Winn	L		L	L
Rutlandshire	*Mr G A Finch	C		C	C
Rochester	Mr H Davies	C	1	C	L
Reading	Mr G W Palmer	L		L	L
Rochdale	*Mr T Potter	L		L	L
St George's Hanover Sq	Mr Goschen	C		C	C
Strand	*Hon F D Smith	C		C	C
Staleybridge	*Mr T H Sidebottom	C		C	C
	*Mr L J Jennings	C		C	C
Stockport	Major Hume	L		C	L
Stafford	Mr C E Shaw	L	1	C	L
Tynemouth	*Mr R S Donkin	L		L	L
Warwick	*Rt Hon A W Peel	C		C	C
Windsor	*Mr F T Barry	L		L	L
Wolverhampton, S	*Rt Hon C Villiers	L		L	L
„ E	*Rt Hon H H Fowler	L		L	L
Winchester	Mr W Myers	C		C	C
West Bromwich	Mr J E Spencer	L	1	C	L
West Ham	Mr A Grove	L		L	L
Worcester	*Hon G Allsopp	C		C	C
West Ham	Mr J K Hardie	L	1	C	L
York	Mr Butcher	L	1	L	L
	Mr F Lockwood, Q C	L		L	L

*Member of Late Parliament.

Note.—Several further results have come in since Reuter's figures were received, hence a calculation of the returns in the above table will be found to differ slightly from the numbers given elsewhere. It must be noted also that in four constituencies, though losses are shown as compared with 1886, the seats really changed hands at subsequent by-elections.

In the table given above the column "gain" indicates the seats which the combined Conservative and Unionist parties have won from their opponents ; the "loss" column shows the seats which have passed over to the Liberals.

THE FAMINE DISTRICTS.

THE following telegrams are from Collectors of the affected districts and refer to the week ending July 2 :—

DHARWAR.

Jowari 30 27-40 lbs. per rupee on average in the affected area. Attendance on Saturday 703 on 3 Professional Agency Local Board Works in Navalgund ; expenditure Rs. 287. Rainfall at Navalgund 80 cents., Ron 40 cents. and Gadag 66 cents. Cholera in 3 villages of Navalgund Taluka and 4 villages of Ron Taluka. No poor-houses opened or village relief administered. Grain Supply sufficient.

BELGAUM.

Jowari and bajri 29 lbs. per rupee on average in the affected area. Numbers employed on the last day of the week.

No. of Works.	Agency.	Taluka.	Adults.	Children.	Expenditure.
1	Professional	Gokak	523	499	Rs. 459 (including Sunday wages)
1*	Civil	Athni	197	...	287 (including Sunday wages)
1	Do	Parasgad	620	675	386 (including Sunday wages)

*In addition to this there was one work which was stopped on the 2nd instant on account of rain.

No poor-houses were opened or village relief administered. Cholera prevailing in Athni and decreasing in Gokak and Parasgad. Grain supply sufficient. Rainfall at Athni 6 cents, Gokak 78 cents and Parasgad 1 inch 50 cents.

BIJAPUR.

Jowari 33⅜ and bajri 331-5lbs. per rupee on average in the affected area. One hundred and four adults and 14 children employed on the Professional Agency road in the Badami Taluka ; relief expenditure Rs. 59. No Gratuitous relief was administered during the week. Grain supply sufficient. Slight cholera in the Hungund Taluka ; otherwise public health good. Rain satisfactory everywhere ; the minimum fall being 34 cents in Badami and the maximum fall being over 4 inches in Indi ; average fall 2 inches 14 cents. Kharif sowing nearly completed.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY NIGHT, JULY 4.

10 p.m. ... 81·4

TUESDAY, 5.

6 a.m.	83·0
10 a.m.	87·3
2 p.m.	87·4
6 p.m.	85·5

THE fasting alligator at the Crystal Palace has at length discovered that it has an appetite. The beast is named Jack, and Jack's temptation proved to be a piece of breast of mutton, which, in the abnormally sultry weather, had become somewhat "high." Lawler, the superintendent of the Aquarium, having this dainty at hand and noticing that his friend Jack was unusually lively, presented it to him at the end of a long iron-rod, and the eighteen months' fast was there and then broken, amidst the gruesome music of crushing bones. Amongst the recent arrivals at the Crystal Palace may be mentioned a rather interesting stranger, to wit, a live lobster from Nova Scotia. It was one of a consignment which arrived safely at the Albert Docks.

AN ill-defined sense of uneasiness pervaded certain circles in the City on Wednesday morning, writes the *Oracle* of June 16, in connection with Eastern business interests, and there was a consequent tendency to exaggerate the importance of every trifling incident, including the suspension of a small Calcutta firm which was announced in a private telegram. Consequently an expectation was engendered that there would be a wholly abnormal demand for India Council bills at very high rates, some people having looked for tenders amounting to between 300 and 400 lakhs. As a matter of fact, however, a trifle under 154 lakhs in bills and telegraphic transfers were applied for, while as to the price, tenders for bills at 1s. 3⅞d. received 65 per cent., and above in full. The highest tender was at 1s. 3·781d., while the highest for telegraphic transfers was 1s. 3 13-16d. These prices compare favourably with last week's, so far as the market is concerned, and testify in a very gratifying manner to the entire absence of a pressure or urgency of demand such as would undoubtedly have been manifested had any trouble in the East been anticipated.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE latest election returns show 47 Conservatives, 7 Unionists, and 37 Liberals. The Liberals are said to have gained nine seats and the Conservatives three.

A RECEIVING order has been made against Messrs. Beyts, Craig and Co ; the liabilities amounting to £160,000.

CHOLERA has broken out in Russia, and is reported to be spreading.

MR. JUSTICE WILLIAMS yesterday confirmed the order of winding up of the Oriental Bank.

THE head-quarters of the Indian Currency Association have been transferred from Simla to Calcutta.

RANGOON'S population is said to grow at the rate of 5,500 persons a year.

COLONEL CRAWFORD was thrown out of his dog-cart, the other day, at Karachi and badly shaken.

OWING to the Hindu holiday of *Ekadasi*, the Girgaum Police Court, as well as Mr. Cooper's and Mr. Webb's Courts were closed yesterday.

A SHORT time ago Mr. McIvor, Executive Engineer at Mhow, was fined by the Cantonment Magistrate in the sum of Rs. 50 for putting up, in the compound of his bungalow, a small enclosure for the protection of his poultry without previously obtaining the permission of the military authorities. Mr. McIvor appealed against the decision ; and the High Court, Mr. Justice Jardine and Mr. Justice Telang, have reversed the conviction and ordered the fine to be refunded. We shall publish their Lordships' judgment to-morrow.

MESSRS. TELLERY and Company have under consideration the establishment of an Indian Fine Arts section at the Chicago Exhibition. The Government of India has offered Rs. 10,000 towards the expenses.

THE Villenour Pagoda lottery was drawn on the 1st July. The chief prize of Rs. 5,000 fell to the Pagoda itself, as the lottery having not completely filled, all unpurchased tickets are drawn for the benefit of the Pagoda.

A SIMLA correspondent describes the station as still very dry and dusty, though a few heavy thunderstorms have improved the water-supply. Picnic parties to Mushobra are frequent, and his Excellency the Viceroy generally spends from Saturday to Monday at this charming suburb.

FRIDAY last saw the testing and opening for traffic of the handsome bridge which has just been completed on the North-West line of the Madras Railway, over the Papaghni river. In the foundations of the bridge, which is 2,100 feet in length, there are nearly half a mile of cylinders and wells, whilst the bridge is stated to be far and away the most rapidly constructed big cylinder bridge in India.

THE number of births registered during the month of April in the Hyderabad assigned districts was 8,300, as against 8,460 in the previous month, and 10,099 in the corresponding month of the previous

from every part of France. The greater number belong to the Militia; they are regarded not only as a defensive military force, but as a great voting power at future elections. M. de Freycinet drove to Satory in a carriage with six artillerymen as postillions. He made a speech to the sharpshooters in which he gave a sketch of his scheme for creating mixed regiments, half militia and half regular, to link together the two services and give unity to all the land forces. He is coming out more prominently than he used as head of the Army. This excites calousy.

THE Duke of Devonshire was on Saturday formally installed Chancellor of the University of Cambridge, the occasion being taken advantage of to confer honorary degrees by the new Chancellor upon fifteen distinguished personages, at the head of whom was the Duke of Edinburgh. The others were the Duke of Edinburgh, Viscount Cranbrook, the Earl of Northbrook, Sir Henry James, M. P., Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, M. P., Mr. John Morley, M. P., Sir F. J. Bramwell, Major-General Sir F. De Winton, Sir R. E. Webster, M. P., Lieutenant-General Strachey, Mr. H. J. Roby, Mr. G. W. Hill, Professor R. Y. Tyrrell, Professor J. R. Seeley, and Mr. Leslie Stephen.

A DARING robbery of bonds was committed in the City on Wednesday, 15th ult. It appears that on that day Messrs. Satterthwaite and Co., stockbrokers, sent one of their messengers, an old man, seventy-three years of age, with a parcel of Atchison Income Bonds, valued at 15,000 dols, for delivery to Messrs. Spyer and Co. in Lothbury. When on the staircase at Messrs. Spyer's a man came behind the messenger, snatched the portfolio containing the bonds, ran downstairs, and escaped with his booty. The robbery is similar to one which occurred in the city two or three years ago, when a youth was robbed of a satchel containing several thousand pounds worth of securities.

FIVE resolutions were to be submitted at the Ulster Convention which was to meet the day the mail left. The first avowed a fixed resolve to retain unchanged Ulster's present position as an integral portion of the United Kingdom. The second recorded the determination to ignore any Parliament controlled by Land Leaguers, plan of campaigners, boycotters, or clerical dictators. The third declared the attempt to set up such a Parliament in Ireland will inevitably result in disorder, violence, and blood-shed. The fourth was a protest against the Ulster difficulty being regarded as a side issue; and the fifth appealed to Gladstonites to abondon their Home Rule programme.

MISS CLOUGH, so long associated with Newnham, by her will has left the college £1,000, if it continues to be carried on upon unsectarian lines, and £200 separately. The whole personality was sworn at upwards of £14,000. The wills are also announced of Capt. Sir George Edmund Nugent., Bart., J.P., and D.L., £30,144; Miss Isabella M'Ivor Bright, £15,700; Mr. Dudley Persse, £12,481; Mr. William Ellice, £70,000; the Rev. Charles Augustus Johnson, £44,000; Mr. Thomas Allen, J.P., £40,000; Mr. Thomas Winter Gibson, £128,909; Mr. James Goater, £934; the Rt. Hon. Augustus Frederick Fitzherbert, Lord Strafford, £33,926; Mr. John Thompson Renton, £363,228.

A LADY makes complaint to the editor of *Truth* of the conduct of the military at Woolwich balls. At the recent May ball, says this correspondent, who signs herself "One Who Feels Deeply the Disgrace of the Regiment," "it was a pitiful sight to behold the crowds of charming girls standing out dance after dance at one side of the room, whilst the men (of whom the numbers were about half) were either too lazy or too ignorant (I use the word advisedly) to do anything but adorn the opposite walls." Widely different was the spectacle when this indignant lady made her way into the supper-room. "Here," says *Truth*'s correspondent, "the room was crowded with men, all eager and busy, but where were the girls?

SURGEON-GENERAL SIR WILLIAM MOORE does not think that the terrible disease leprosy is more prevalent in India now than it was in former years. in spite of the impression to the contrary which led to the appointment of the Commission now investigating this subject. Railways, it is observed, have enabled lepers to flock to the large centres where they find better opportunities of living on alms. The only reason which may have increased the number of lepers is, he believes, the suppression by the British Government of what is called "sumajh," or the burial alive of lepers, which was formerly a common practice. This horrible remedy for the leper's sufferings was, we are told, always adopted with the consent of the leper himself, who—frequently declaring to his relatives and friends that he was tired of life—would ask them to perform "sumajh." Then a hole was dug, and the leper escorted to the grave with flags, drums, "tom-toms," and other native un-musical instruments. The leper was simply placed in the hole in a sitting posture, and the earth filled in.

"A BULL in a china shop" we have all heard of, but, like Miss Squeers' "Novelty in Ornithology," it is a thing not commonly seen. In Birmingham, however, this familiar illustration of riotous destruction has been realised, with the result that an action for the mischief done has been tried in the County Court. The bull, it appeared, "tried first to enter a picture dealer's;" then it attempted to gain an entrance into a public-house; but finally, spying the china shop, the prospect of fun became irresistible, and the sportive animal broke in, and for a quarter of an hour he appears to have had things pretty much his own way. He smashed, as a witness put it, "pretty well everything he could lay his feet upon." On the part of the bull's master it was urged that the proprietor of the china shop brought the trouble on himself by suddenly moving away from the door when the bull turned up; but who would not move away from his door if a bull turned up? The judge observed that bulls are uncertain animals—though it is true there is not much uncertainty about the result when they get into a china shop. In this case, however, his Honour held that the bull was not under proper control, and accordingly the defendant has been ordered to pay the full value of the China dealer's wrecked and ruined stock, together with the costs.

THE Vienna *Neue Freie Presse* publishes some interesting recollections of the late Max von Forckenbeck. In 1871 Forckenbeck was president of the North German Reichstag, and he and Von Stauffenberg, his colleague in the presidency, were sent by the Reichstag to Versailles to congratulate the Prussian King upon his election as German Emperor. Forckenbeck and Stauffenberg, after the preliminaries of peace had been settled by Bismarck and Jules Favre, were invited to supper with Bismarck at Versailles. "This night at twelve o'clock," said their host to them, "the last shots will be exchanged between our troops and the French, and I have conceded to the French the honour of the last shot." Forckenbeck said that shortly before midnight he and his colleagues left the Chancellor, and then said to Stauffenberg: "Let us fix this great historical moment which a happy accident has allowed us to take part in." "Then," continued the late Ober-Burgermeister of Berlin, "we drew out our watches, stood underneath a lantern of the Hotel du Reservoir, and waited. First, there was a cannon-shot from the German troops; then a solemn stillness. Then followed the last reply from Mont Valerien. The tower-clock at Versailles struck twelve; the French war had ended!" Forckenbeck had a store of anecdotes about the late Emperor Friedrich, who notably had a great esteem for the "Lord Mayor" of Berlin. One evening, in a confidential circle, the conversation turned upon the immense influence which Bismarck had over the old Emperor. "Yes, gentlemen," said Friedrich, then Crown Prince, "that is a fact, indeed, and such a fact as is not to be altered. If Bismarck were to propose to my father an alliance with Garibaldi—nay," said he, pausing, "that is not an extreme enough case, for Garibaldi is at least a General—if Bismarck were to propose to him an alliance with Mazzine, what would happen? "At first my father would march up and down the room, exclaiming, 'Bismarck, Bismarck! what do you mean to make me?' Then he would stand still in the middle of the room and say, 'Well, if you are firmly convinced that this thing is indispensable to the interests of the State, there is of course nothing to be done in the end but to put up with it.'"

THE SUPPRESSION OF SLAVE-RAIDING.

REPORTS FROM CENTRAL AFRICA.

In the Parliamentary papers relative to the suppression of slave-raiding in Nyassaland appear some interesting reports from Commissioner Johnston. Writing from Zomba, and giving an account of the method of procedure, he says:—

"If it was possible by means of peaceable and friendly negotiations to induce a chieftain to renounce the slave trade I have used such means in preference to a recourse to force! and in this way a considerable number of the lesser potentates of Nyassaland have been brought to agree to give up adjusting their internecine quarrels by resort to arms, to cease selling their subjects into slavery, and to close their territories to the passage of slaves and slave-traders. Their agreement, however, was in most cases a sullen one, and their eyes were turned instinctively to the nearest "big" chief to see in what way he was dealt with. If he, too, accepted this distasteful gospel of peace and good-will towards men they were then ready enough to adhere to their own compacts, and even to be zealous [hoping reward] in carrying out the more active provisions thereof; but if the powerful potentate—the champion man of war of the district—held aloof from the new Protectorate, massed his forces in the hill strongholds, and preserved a watchful or menacing attitude towards the Administration by ignoring or rejecting its proposals for a friendly understanding, then the little chieftains began to relax in their good behaviour of a month's or week's duration, once more to capture and sell their neighbours' subjects, or to smuggle through their by-paths a coast caravan, with its troop of slaves, bound for Kilwa, Ibo, or Quilimane.

DEATH OF CAPTAIN MAGUIRE.

After returning from an expedition against Kawinga, Captain Maguire was disposing himself to rest a few weeks at Zomba and cure the slight flesh wound which he had sustained in the engagement with Kawinga's men, when news arrived from the lake of a meditated attack on Fort Johnston by Makanjira. Desiring to reinforce the garrison there and complete the defensive works, also to renew the supplies of ammunition, Captain Maguire insisted on starting at once. How the expedition fared is told in a statement made by Mr. W. K. Keiller. He says:—"We started from Fort Johnston on the afternoon of the 13th, reaching Monkey Bay the same evening. Next morning at four a.m. we left for and reached Rifu at nine a. m. Captain Maguire had Kazembe on board and had a long talk with him. After Kazembe had gone the captain informed me that Kazembe had given him some valuable information relative to some of Makanjira's dhows, and which he meant to act upon. He at the same time informed me that he would like me to start early next morning for the other side, and that there would be a man sent by Kazembe to guide us. We accordingly at five a.m. next morning started, and at a place about 10 miles north of Makanjira's proper saw two dhows on the beach. We made straight for the place. It proved to be a very dangerous place indeed, abounding in shoals and stones. The captain, although it was beginning to blow pretty brisk, and the doctor warned him as to the state of his health, decided to land with the barge. It proved a harder task than he anticipated, as the wind was blowing much stronger and right inland, the consequence being that all the soldiers had to leave the barge and go by water, as the barge got stranded on stones. The barge I may now say never was of more use again. Makanjira used it afterwards for making bullets. The captain on landing was attacked, but was able to hold his own up to a certain point. He burned one dhow, and was beginning to destroy the other, when he was attacked in great force by Makanjira, who had come overland. There was no time for anything as it all came so quick. The steamer after great difficulty got anchored to the north of the dhows, so as to be ready for any emergency, but it was blowing so rough I was in fear every minute that she would be ashore. The captain when he saw he was outnumbered made signs for me to get some of his men on board with the small boat, but the sea was far too rough, the boat being swamped two or three times, in fact we latterly lost it altogether. The captain when he saw he was completely outnumbered, tried to come on board with his men by water. It was while engaged thus that he unfortunately lost his life. I am almost certain he was shot in the back. I did not see him sink. Mr. M'Ewan did."

RELEASE OF SLAVES.

Writing on the 20th February Mr. Johnston says:—I do not find myself able to come to a compromise about the slave trade. Domestic slavery I have not interfered with. I have said nothing on the subject. But the slave trade means the continual devastation of these wretched countries, and is utterly inconsistent with any form of British protection or administration. I am not necessarily referring to the slave-raids which go on in the distant west or in countries outside our boundaries; I mean the kidnapping and sale of people in the vicinity of Blantyre, on the banks of the Shire, and above all on the shores of Lake Nyassa. Swahili slave-traders prowl round the very precincts of the residency at Zomba with intent to inveigle chiefs into selling their people, or on the off-chance of picking up some unprotected woman or child in the bush. Our plans, chiefly elaborated by the late Captain Maguire, for arresting slave-caravans in the Shire district and at the south end of Lake Nyassa have resulted in the release and return to their homes of between 300 and 400 people; and the destruction of five slave-dhows on the lake has naturally limited for a time the transport of slaves across Nyassa; but these actions are not pleasing by any means to the Arabs and Yaos, the Mahomedan element, in fact, of Nyassaland.

WHAT IS WANTED.

He continues:—I begin to despair of these Mahomedans. I have long hoped against knowledge that the Arabs and Arabized natives of Central Africa might come to see that there were honest means of livelihood just as profitable as the slave trade; but whatever wavering there may have been during 1889 and 1890, when Major von Wissmann's stern treatment of slave-traders on the coast scared away for a while the slave caravans and deprived them of their market, in 1891 and at the present time there would seem to have been some obstacle removed from the slave-traders' path, and the transport of slaves from Nyassaland and Tanganyika has again locally assumed formidable dimensions. Since the month of October last we have checked the trade between the south end of Lake Nyassa and the River Ruo, but at the cost of making all the Nyassaland Mahomedans consider the advisability of rising against us and driving the British away. Again and again I have striven to show the Arabs that the cultivation of groundnuts, coffee, sugar, or the breeding of cattle or donkeys would prove quite as lucrative as the trade in slaves, while these agricultural or pastoral pursuits would certainly be superior in comfort and safety. I have even hinted that the recently-captured people would be more profitably employed as cultivators in the Arab settlements of Central Africa than by being transported at great risk to an uncertain market on the coast. But I think there must be some inherent love of cruelty and rapine in their dispositions, as well as a great restlessness. They are not content to become colonists and settle down in Nyassaland, making their homes there. Their settlements are more like camps. The only apparent exception to this description is Jumbe's country, which certainly is something approaching to a settled, cultivated land. Yet even here there are disintegrating forces at work. Jumbe himself is becoming weary of the effort of controlling the turbulent Arabs and Mahomedan Yaos, whom he calls his captains ("Akida"). When he dies there will be a great outbreak of the slave trade in that district. I could afford to disregard Arab disapproval, and fearlessly continue the suppression of the slave trade; I could also complete the chastisement of Makanjira, keep Jumbe's people and the Karonga Arabs in order, if I had one thing—an armed steamer on Lake Nyassa, a vessel better fitted for attack and defence than the Domira, and one which could transport easily a hundred men. With a ship like this I could steam from end to end of the lake in four days; could land a force of soldiers unexpectedly at any point, could police the waters of Nyassa and prevent the transport of slaves, or ivory which has not paid export duties; for it may be imagined that people who do not fear to trade in slaves do not much concern themselves with conforming to our Customs regulations.

THE bridge of incandescent lava which now spans the valley between Vesuvius and Monte Somnis increased on the night of the 8th ult., writes a Naples correspondent, in brilliance, forming a very beautiful spectacle in combination with the bright moonlight. Observiug the mountain with my telescope this morning I see a new eruptive mouth in the centre of the above-named bridge, which has already built itself up into a baby cone, emitting incessantly bursts of black smoke probably mixed with lapilli. It is reported from the Observatory that the seismograph is in continual oscillation, and that probably this new phase of eruption will increase in strength, again coinciding with the approach of full moon. At night the smoke from the principal crater is brightly illuminated at intervals by the reflection of the bursts of lava in its depths.

THE CODE OF HONOUR.

SIR JONAH BARRINGTON tells us, in his most amusing personal sketches, that "it is, in fact, incredible what a singular passion the Irish gentlemen (though in general excellent tempered fellows) formerly had for fighting each other and immediately making friends again. A duel was indeed considered a necessary piece of a young man's education, but by no means a ground for future animosity with his opponent. "About the year 1777, the Fire-eaters were in great repute in Ireland. No young fellow could finish his education till he had exchanged shots with some of his acquaintances. The first two questions always asked as to a young man's respectability and qualifications, particularly when he proposed for a lady-wife, were: 'What family is he of?' 'Did he ever blaze?'"

The following rules are some of those promulgated, the whole being called in Galway the 'thirty-six commandments:—

"1. The first offence requires the first apology, though the retort may have been more offensive than the insult. Example: A tells B he is impertinent, and B retorts that he lies, yet A must make the first apology, because he gave the first offence; and then (after one fire) B may explain away the retort by subsequent apology.

"2. But if the parties would rather fight on then after two shots each (but in no case before) B may explain first and A apologise afterwards.

"N. B.—The above rules apply to all cases of offence in retort not of a stronger class than the example.

"3. If a doubt exists who gave the first offence, the decision rests with the seconds; if they won't decide or can't agree, the matter must proceed to two shots, or to a hit, if the challenger require it.

"4. When the lie direct is the first offence, the aggressor must either beg pardon in express terms, exchange two shots previous to apology, or three shots followed up by explanation, or fire on till a severe hit be received by one party or the other.

"5. As a blow is strictly prohibited under any circumstances among gentlemen, no verbal apology can be received for such an insult. The alternatives, therefore, are: the offender handing a cane to the injured party, to be used on his own back, at the same time begging pardon; firing on until one or both are disabled; or exchanging three shots and then asking pardon without the proffer of the cane.

"If swords are used, the parties engage until one is well blooded, disabled, or disarmed; or until, after receiving a wound, and blood being drawn, the aggressor begs pardon. . . . In case the challenged be disarmed and refuse to ask pardon or atone, he must not be killed as formerly, but the challenger may lay his own sword on the aggressor's shoulder, then break the aggressor's sword, and say: 'I spare your life!' The challenged can never revive that quarrel; the challenger may.

"6. If A gives B the lie, and B retorts by a blow (being the two greatest offences), no reconciliation can take place till after two discharges each, or a severe hit; after which B may beg A's pardon humbly for the blow, and then A may explain simply for the lie, because a blow is never allowable, and the offence of the lie, therefore, merges in it.

"N.B.—Challenges for undivulged causes may be reconciled on the ground after one shot. An explanation or the slightest hit should be sufficient in such races, because no personal offence transpired.

"7. But no apology can be received, in any case, after the parties have actually taken their ground without exchange of fires.

"8. In the above case, no challenger is obliged to divulge his cause of challenge (if private), unless required by the challenged so to do before their meeting.

"9. All imputations of cheating at play, races, &c., to be considered equivalent to a blow, but may be reconciled after one shot, on admitting their falsehood and begging pardon publicly.

"10. And insult to a lady under a gentleman's care or protection to be considered, as by one degree greater offence than if given to the gentleman personally, and to be regulated accordingly.

"11. Offences originating or accruing from the support of ladies' reputation, to be considered as less unjustifiable than any others of the same class, and of admitting of slighter apologies by the aggressor; this to be determined by the circumstances of the case, but always favourable to the lady.

"13. No dumb shooting or firing in the air is admissible. The challenger ought not to have challenged without receiving offence; and the challenged ought, if he gave offence, to have made an apology before he came on the ground: therefore children's play must be dishonourable on one side or the other, and is accordingly prohibited.

"14. Seconds to be of equal rank in society with the principals they attend, inasmuch as a second may either choose or chance to become a principal, and equality is indispensable.

The rule about the offender "handing a cane to the injured party, to be used on his own back," recalls a story about the late Lord Palmerston—himself an Irishman. Some English member of Parliament, against whom my lord had said some bitter things in the House of Commons, rode up to him in Rotten Row, and laying his whip across the minister's shoulders, said: "My lord, consider yourself horsewhipped." Palmerston coolly pulled out his latch-key and, pointing it at the aggressor, replied: "Sir, consider yourself shot."

FRENCH DESCRIPTION OF AN ENGLISH PRIZE-FIGHT.

As so much interest is just now taken, both in and out of sporting circles, in the recent contest between Jackson and Slavin, and in boxing generally, it may not be amiss (writes a correspondent) to put before your readers a French version of such an encounter. It occurs in a recent novel by M. Conti, who, it is true, cannot lay claim to an accurate knowledge of details of British sport (for he makes the people who have gone to the Highlands for grouse-shooting vary their occupation by fox-hunting, horse-racing, and pigeon-shooting), but whose vivid, if overdrawn, account is not without merit.

"Although 'la boxe,' which was formerly a public amusement, has been for years prohibited in the United Kingdom," he writes, "professional boxers can always be got together in England for private matches. Ignoble contests these! The two men face each other, examine each other for one brief moment, their eyes flashing out, their features contracted, then down come the fists, bruising each other's bones and pounding each other's flesh to jelly. All around excited gentlemen, livid with emotion, are betting wildly, feverishly, cheering frantically, until one of the champions sinks down in a swoon. Then comes an "entr'acte." Goblets of gin or whisky are held out to the two brutes, and drained by them at one draught. They wash off the blood running freely over bumps, and cracks, and swellings, over strains and springs; one spits out a tooth, another pushes back an eye which had started from its orbit! The damaged jaws being repaired as well as can be roughly done, the struggle recommences, fierce, savage, made keener by shouts of encouragement, yells of enthusiasm, mad betting; all this spurs on the antagonists, revives their failing strength, stimulates their pride."

The author now warms to his work, too. We give a few lines in his own words; a translation would spoil all. "Paf! paf! le nez a droite! . . . le nez a gauche. . . Paf! la levre fendue! . . . Paf! un jet de sang qui eclabous se. . . . Paf! de la marmelade de chair! . . . . Paf! encore de la marmelade! . . . Paf! pat! Jack faiblit, il s'affaisse. . . . Hurrah! hurrah! . . . . Bravo Mathew! . . . Halloo! halloo! . . . Jack, courage! ; Et Jack electrise, rondain se releve, riposte. . . . Paf! paf! Mathew, a son tour faiblit. . . . Sous son masque de sang une onde de paleur lui court la peau . . . . Paf! il chancelle, il tombe . . . . Hurrah! hurrah! Jack. . . . . Bravo, bravo! bien tape, Jack! . . . . Hurrah! Cinq contre un pour Jack . . . . huit; . . . dix! . . . douze! . . . . Aoh; vingt! . . . . Aoh! Aoh! Aoh! . . . . Vite le gobelet de gin, le gant a friction, frottez ferme! Ah ca va mieux! . . . Mathew revient a lui. . . . Ilse palpe, il se tate . . . rien de disloque! . . . . Allons! une derniere rasade de gin, un coup d'eponge sur la bouillie humaine . . . . et en avant le biceps! . . . . Encore! encore! . . . . Tapez! tapez! . . . . bourrez-vous! . . . . Mais ouf! Cette fois, c'est pour de bon! . . . . Damnation! Jack est hors de combat."

And so on. Let us conclude in English:—"Poor Jack is lying senseless on the ground, felled like an ox, his hands one mass of blood, his face like pulp, his upper body like a network of red rivulets streaming from nose and ears and mouth, &c. A ghastly bundle—soon to be placed on some vehicle and carted away. He and his adversary, however, after being swathed in bandages and tied up like mummies for a few weeks, will probably be all right again."

A meeting of supporters of the proposed memorial in Westminster Abbey to Dr. Arnold, of Rugby, was held on Tuesday, 14 ult., in the college Hall, Westminster. The Bishop of London presided, and in opening the proceedings, thanked the Dean of Westminster for acceding to the wishes of those who desired to perpetuate the memory of Dr. Arnold in Westminster Abbey. Professor Jebb, M. P., proposed, and Dr. Fearon seconded, a resolution appointing a committee to carry out the scheme, and it was announced that the Bishop of London, the Earl of Derby, the Deans of Durham and Wells, Mr. Tom Hughes and others had consented to serve. Mr. Lecky moved a resolution suggesting that the memorial should take the form of a seated figure, bust, or medallion, as might be deemed most suitable. He thought the memory of Dr. Arnold deserved to be perpetuated on account of his worth as an historian, and especially as one who had done more than any one else to raise the tone of all public schools. Mr. A. Mills seconded the motion, which was carried.

THE LONDON POISONING MYSTERIES.

STARTLING DISCLOSURES.

WHILE the charge against Thomas Neill—whose real name is said to be Thomas Neill Cream, aged 42, of Glasgow—is one of attempting to levy blackmail, more serious allegations underlie the case. The Treasury solicitor, Mr. Angus Lewis, said on Friday (10th ult.) "there were other important matters to be proved in the course of the evidence." How far these have any bearing upon the actual poisoning of the Lambeth victims remains to be seen. There can be no doubt, however, that, "Jack-the-Ripper," who slew and mutilated fallen women at the East-end, has had a counterpart in South London, who has despatched his victims of the same class with poison. So far four cases are clearly established; but strong suspicions are entertained that this number may be increased, if not doubled.

Below we reprint summaries of the cases brought to light. It was the double poisoning in Stamford-street, the inquest in which ended in an open verdict on May 5, that seems to have aroused the attention of the police. The foreman of the coroner's jury added a rider to the verdict, which was virtually a censure on the police for not acting more energetically in tracing the writer of one of the letters. A comparison of dates will show, however, that a week later, on May 13, the body of the Lambeth-road victim, Matilda Clover, was exhumed. About the same time Serjeant Mcintyre, a Scotland-yard detective, states that he first encountered Neill. With exemplary patience the police kept the man under observation for an entire month before they arrested him.

The man upon whom suspicion for the mysterious poisoning fell was said to be known as "Fred," of middle age, partially bald, of dark complexion, and wearing spectacles. He was said to have been free with his money when in company with girls of loose habits, and was described by some as "an extremely nice gentleman" and by others as a being calculated to excite more or less suspicion. In relation to the Stamford-street case there was the evidence of a policeman that while on duty at about two o'clock on the morning when the girls were found murdered, he had seen a tall man come out of the house and walk hurriedly away. A young woman, named Harwood, who was with Ellen Donworth on the night she was poisoned, is understood to have been instrumental in assisting the police. Letters by the mysterious Fred were scarces; still sufficient were found to afford comparison, and further aid was obtained when the girl Harwood was sent to prison for another offence. In the Waterloo-road case a friend of the dead woman spoke of a "cross-eyed gentleman" being with her. It is a curious coincidence, if nothing more, that the prisoner Neill has a decided cast in his right eye.

In their investigations the police came to the conclusion that the poisoning was the work of an American. The action of strychnine, when unguarded by any gelatinous sheathing, being practically instantaneous, the inference was that the poison was administered in capsules, an inference strengthened in the cases of the girls Shrivell and Marsh, by their statements, as they were dying, that they had taken "long pills," which had been given to them by a man who had been associating with them. The further inference, therefore, was that the poisoner was acquainted with the practice of American druggists, who, in contradistinction to their English brethren, do sometimes make up dry as well as liquid drugs into capsules—hardly ever the practice of the chemists in this country.

It is further stated that the officials at New Scotland-yard have received a telegram from the New York police with reference to the man suspected. It appears, according to this statement, that at the time he resided in Brooklyn, two years ago, several girls were mysteriously poisoned, each case bearing a striking resemblance to the recent poisonings in London. It is also alleged that letters signed "Fred" were found in the rooms occupied by the victims.

THE WATERLOO-ROAD CASE.

About a quarter to eight o'clock on the evening of Tuesday, October 13th, 1891, a young woman was seen to fall on her face just outside the Wellington public-house in Waterloo-road. She was just able to say where she lived, and was taken to her home at 8, Duke-street, Westminster-bridge-road. Her name was Ellen Donworth, and she had been living with a labourer, named Earnest Linnell, at the same time walking the streets. On reaching her home she suffered great agony, and a doctor being fetched, he gave her a draught and ordered her immediate removal to St. Thomas's hospital. The poor girl, who was only 19 years of age, told her landlady that she met a man who offered her a bottle containing some "white stuff," a portion of which she drank. The man, who was a stranger, was tall, and had dark whiskers. She begged not to be moved, saying, "If I am to die, let me die here." She was, however, taken to the hospital, but was dead before she arrived. On a post-mortem examination being made, Dr. Killick discovered strychnia and morphia in the stomach, a new combination of poisons in which the morphia would not intensify, but mask the effects of strychnine. The poison which actually caused death had been absorbed into the blood, whilst the small surplus amount found in the stomach by analysis was of itself almost a fatal dose. A female companion of the deceased described the suspected person as "a cross-eyed gentleman," and the same one who wrote deceased a letter. She received two of these letters, which the landlady said were written in a very nice handwriting, looking more like a woman's than a man's. The jury in this case returned an open verdict. The police subsequently made an arrest, but the person accused was afterwards discharged.

LAMBETH-ROAD CASE.

Matilda Clover was a domestic servant, about 25 years of age. Some time ago she fell into habits of a loose character. She became acquainted with several men, among them one named "Fred," who wrote her many letters to her apartments in Lambeth-road. She repeatedly spoks of him as a "nice old fool," and dressed lavishly on money which she received from him. On the night of October 17 last year she was, on returning home after seeing her friend, taken seriously ill, and on the following morning she expired in great agony, death being due—so the doctor said—to syncope. She was buried at Tooting by the parish authorities, and until the death of the two Stamford-street girls her sudden demise went unnoticed. On May 13, however, her body was exhumed by order of the Home Secretary, and taken to the mortuary. The affair was conducted with the utmost secrecy, the contents of the stomach being handed over to Mr. Stevenson, the Government analyst. That gentleman has obtained positive evidence that strychnine had been taken by Clover. Inquiries among the persons who were present at her death also reveal the fact that she was seized just prior to her decease with tetanic spasms, which are the usual accompaniment of death by strychnine. One remarkable fact in the case is that, though the girl received many letters through the post, none could be found after her death. Before her death Clover made a statement of most serious import to the girl who attended her.

THE STAMFORD-STREET CASES.

It was at an early hour on the morning of Tuesday, April 12, of this year, that the police were called to 118, Stamford-street, Waterloo-road, where they found a young woman, known as Alice Marsh, aged 21, lying in the passage in her night-dress. In one of the rooms another young woman—Emma Shrivell, aged 18—was also in a helpless condition on the floor. Both were believed to be suffering from a deadly poison, and, therefore, were promptly removed to St. Thomas's hospital, the police officer first administering an emetic to each of them. Marsh died in the cab on her way, and Shrivell in the course of the same morning. These two girls had come up from Brighton a month previously. Marsh's real name was Burgess. At their lodging they described themselves as professionals. On April 11, as far as is known, they met a man whom they knew as Fred. They had tea with him, and then all came to Stamford-street, where he remained till two o'clock next morning. After his departure the girls supped off some tinned salmon, and soon after were taken ill. The empty salmon tin and two plates were found on the table, and the following letter, written from a Chatham hotel, on the mantelpiece:—

"Prince of Wales Hotel.—Edwin Evans, Proprietor.—April 10, 1892.—My dear Alice,—Just a few lines to say that all being well, shall be in London to-morrow (Monday), and shall hope to have the pleasure of seeing you at 118 between six and seven in the evening. Pleased to accept your kind invitation to take tea with you. We can then go to some place of entertainment for the rest of the evening. Kind regards to your friend. Please remember me to her. With best wishes to yourself, believe me to remain, yours faithfully, GEORGE CLIFTON."

The girls told their landlady that a gentleman had given them a pill, and she remarked: "How foolish it was to take it from a stranger!" They said: "He is not a stranger; he is a doctor." Shrivell told the policemen that a gentleman gave them three long pills each before going home with them.—Dr. Stevenson, official analyst to the Home office, said that he found 6½ grains of strychnine in the stomach of Marsh, and 3¼ in that of Shrivell. A fatal dose was less than one grain. The jury found that the women died from the effects of strychnine—how or by whom administered is not known. The foreman added that his colleagues desired him to say that the police had not exerted nearly sufficient energy at the outset in trying to trace the writer of the letter.

OTHER SUSPECTED CASES.

Louisa Harvey is described as a servant at a house in St. John's-wood-road prior to her becoming what her mistress describes as "a little too flighty to be bearable." Little less than a year ago, during the absence of the family, she spent an evening at a music-hall in the West-end. There she met a man who treated her to numerous drinks. He promised to see her home, but at the end of the performance she could not find him. Harvey then started on her way unaccompanied, but before she had walked very far she fell and was discovered by the police in Holborn in an unconscious state. She was conveyed to the hospital on a stretcher, and shortly after her arrival there she died from, it was believed, syncope produced by alcoholic poisoning. Nothing further was heard of the case until the name came out in connection with the charge against Neill.

About two years and a-half ago a waitress, of prepossessing appearance, died in Stamford-street under somewhat extraordinary circumstances. She one evening met "a dark gentleman," and had tea with him at a coffee-shop. It was a modest repast, consisting mainly of bread and butter and tea. The butter, however, had—so the girl said—a peculiar flavour. Some hours later she was taken seriously ill, and was conveyed to the Lambeth infirmary, where she died.

Another case is that of a young girl, employed in a butter and egg store in the London-road, who made the acquaintance of a strange man some time in the beginning of July last year. She spoke of him as "Freddie" to her associates. Towards the end of July she was suddenly taken ill, and expired almost immediately. There was at the time no suspicion as to her having been the victim of foul play, but within the last day or two certain facts have come to light which seem to show that her death did not result from natural causes.

HOW THE AMERICAN PRESIDENT IS CHOSEN.

IN the midst of scenes of great excitement Mr. Benjamin Harrison has been elected by a large majority to be the Republican candidate for the Presidency. The system which obtains in the United States of choosing a President is complicated and peculiar, inasmuch as the people, although devoting nearly a year to what they are pleased to call an election, really never vote directly for President. It is indeed quite possible, without a violation of written or unwritten law, for a man practically unknown to the people, and one whose name has never been mentioned in connection with the office during the campaign, to be placed in the Presidential chair.

The first stage of the election is inaugurated by what are called the "Party Primaries." At each of these "Primaries," only the voters of one party meet at a time and cast a ballot. The Democratic voters in each election district meet on a certain day and elect delegates to a State convention. The Republicans do the same. About a month later, these two State conventions meet, and in turn elect a delegation to a national convention of all the States, each political party electing delegates to its own convention, the number of delegates being equal to twice the number of the State's representative in Congress. The territories which have no representatoin on that body are each allowed two delegates in the nominating convention; this makes each party convention number 900 delegates. Then these two national conventions, one Republican, the other Democratic, decide who shall be the candidates for President: in the Republican convention a majority of votes decides; in the Democratic a two-thirds vote is required. When this point is decided the conventions adjourn, and then two lists of electors, one representing each party (and supposed to be likely to vote in the Electoral College for the man who carried the convention), are placed before the people of the country to be voted for. Each State electoral ticket, containing the names of electors equal in number to the number of senators and representatives in Congress, ranges from three in the State of Oregon to thirty-six in New York State.

During the summer the campaign is in full swing, and the respective merits of the rival candidates for the highest office in the country are put before the electorate. But, as a matter of fact, these candidates are not before the people and do not receive their votes, the actual votes of the people being given in favour of certain Republican or Democratic electors expected to vote (if elected) for the man chosen by the party convention at the opening of the campaign. Two months after the election the 444 electors who have received the highest vote in their respective State meet at Washington and elect a President, and, while morally they are bound to elect the choice of their party convention, legally they have a perfect right to choose any man they please, the nominating conventions being a latter-day innovation, and not recognized in or suggested by the constitution. As the first "primaries" are often held in February, and the Electoral College does not really choose a President until the following February, an entire year, or a fourth of the Presidential period, is spent in choosing a chief of the Executive. In the contest about to open the chances of the contending parties seem very equal. What are termed sure Republican States will cast 196 electoral votes, the sure Democratic States 173 votes, out of a total of 444. As the number required to elect a President will be 223 votes, the Republican party must secure 37 of the doubtful ones, the Democrats 50.

New York State, with its thirty-six electoral votes, it will thus be seen, holds a very important position, practically indeed the key of the situation. This State is a most uncertain quantity, for while the Democratic party have generally carried it in the State or local elections, in Presidential elections, when the farmer vote is always heavy, it has recorded its verdict in the great majority of instances in favour of the Republicans The Republican prospects in the present campaign are further brightened by a split in the Democratic party of New York State, owing to the fight between Senator Hill and ex-President Cleveland for the position of leader of the Democratic forces. Another circumstance in favour of the Republican party is that owing to the admission of six new States, casting twenty electoral votes, all sure Republican, the party now in power can elect their candidate without the vote of New York State; on the other hand, the Democrats must secure its votes or their case is hopeless. This is the situation at the present moment. The probabilities seem to point to the nomination of Mr. Blaine by the Republicans and Mr. Cleveland by the Democrats, with the chances slightly in favour of a Republican triumph at the polls in November next.

THE EXPLOSION ON THE PETROLEA.

THE *Times* publishes particulars of the explosion on board the tank-steamer Petrolea, which was briefly reported in our telegraphic columns:—The British petroleum steamer Petrolea, from Philadelphia, blew up just outside Blaye Harbour, Bordeaux, at 1 o'clock, on the morning of the 14th ult., with the result that many lives were lost. Four lighters which were lying near the Petrolea, laden with coal intended for that vessel, caught fire and sank within a few minutes. Two men and a woman on one of these craft also lost their lives. The flames spread to the landing-stage, but the firemen succeeded in saving it from destruction. The shrubs on the banks of the Gironde caught fire from the burning petroleum as it floated on the water and were entirely destroyed.

A later telegram said: The explosion is supposed by some to have been caused by lightning during a violent thunderstorm. But according to another version it was due to the imprudence of some of the crew in dropping ignited matches on the deck. One of these, it is supposed, must have come into contact with the petroleum, which was stored in bulk—that is to say, in tanks, whence it was being conveyed by pipes into lighters alongside. The vessel carried 500 tons of oil, and the night shift of men was continuing the work of unloading, when the explosion occurred. Twelve sailors were killed on the spot. Immediately afterwards the mate jumped on a lighter to shut off the tap letting the petroleum out of the tanks. Before he could accomplish this a second explosion accured and the unfortunate man, together with a young workman, who was standing near, disappeared in the flames. A Custom House officer also lost his life in endeavouring to save them.

AN interesting snake has just been added to the collection of the Zoological Society. This creature lives exclusively upon a diet of eggs, which its small teeth permit it to swallow unbroken. But there is a remarkable mechanism for extracting the contents of the eggs quite unique in the animal kingdom. The spines of some of the vertebræ project through the wall of the gullet and are tipped with enamel, so that they are veritable teeth. With the help of these the egg-shell is cracked and the contents liberated into the œsophagus, where there is no risk of any waste; the shell is then rejected by the mouth. This singular serpent is named Dasypeltis and comes from South Africa.

MILITARY AND NAVAL NOTES.

IF in the multitude of counsellors there is safety for the patient as well as for the physicians, then the British Army has already attained near unto salvation. It must be confusing to readers nevertheless to learn from professional experts, as well as from self-constituted critics and reformers, how many different safe roads exist, leading however in different directions. Colonel Maude, in the columns of the "Morning Post" of Thursday, 16th ult., is evidently a firm believer in the assimilation of Army to domestic service, and is of opinion that the soldier should like the "help"—servants no longer exist—be free to go whenever they like, without even the conventional month's notice. "Men do no not flee from what they like" writes Colonel Maude; so "wherefore the engagement over a period of years?" This contention hardly bears the domestic test

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NO TRAVELLER SHOULD LEAVE HOME without a supply of ENO'S "FRUIT SALT," for by its use the most dangerous forms of fevers, blood poisons, &c., are prevented and cured. It is in truth a Family Medicine Chest in the simplest yet most potent form. It has a natural action on the organs of digestion, absorption, circulation, respiration, secretion and excretion, and removes all impurities, and hinders (by natural means) the unnatural and dangerous accumulation of fat. It keeps the body in healthy trim, by preserving and restoring health.

HEADACHE AND DISORDERED STOMACH.—"After suffering for years from severe headache and disordered stomach, and after trying almost everything without any benefit, I was recommended your 'FRUIT SALT,' and before I had finished one bottle I found it doing me a great deal of good, now I am restored to my usual health; and others I know that have tried it have not enjoyed such good health for years.—Yours most truly, ROBERT HUMPHREYS, Post Office, Barrasford."

THE ATLAS MOUNTAINS (MOROCCO), NORTH AFRICA.—Mr. Harold Crichton-Browne, in a letter from the Atlas Mountains, says:—"The Kaid of Demnet treated us so well that we desired, on leaving, to make him some acknowledgment, and presented him with . . . a bottle of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT,' with which he was much pleased."—*The World*, September 12, 1888.

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHER SALINES.—"Dear Sir,—Having been in the habit of taking your 'FRUIT SALT' for many years, I think it only right to tell you that I consider it a most invaluable medicine, and far superior to all other saline mixtures. I am never without a bottle of it in the house, as I find it possesses three most desirable qualities, namely, it is pleasant to the taste, promptly efficacious, and leaves no unpleasant after-effects.—A DEVONSHIRE LADY.—Jan. 25, 1889."

CAUTION.—*Legal Rights are protected in every civilized country. Examine each bottle and see that the Capsule is marked ENO'S "FRUIT SALT." Without it you have been imposed on by a* **WORTHLESS IMITATION.** *Sold by all Chemists, &c. Prepared only at*

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, Pomeroy Street, New Cross Road, London, S.E.

MANUFACTURERS BY APPOINTMENT TO HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

The Highest Awards given for Biscuits to any English House have been made to HUNTLEY AND PALMERS "for Excellence of Quality" at all the leading International Exhibitions.

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BISCUIT MANUFACTURERS,
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COMPARE OUR PRICES WITH THOSE CHARGED IN INDIA.

Prices include guaranteed safe and free delivery to any part of India or Burmah.

A FEW OF OUR SPECIALITIES IN JEWELLERY.

Silver Keyless Lever Watch, unbreakable Crystal Glass, extra Jewelled and Patent Lever Escapement, Gents' size, £2 12s. 6d.
SILVER ALBERTS.
Ladies', 5s. 3d.; Gents', Fancy Patterns, 6s.

No. 82.—Solid Gold Gents' Signet Ring, Bezel, with two initials engraved on Stone for Seal, £2 7s. 6d. Crests or Monograms, 7s. 6d. extra.

No. 52.—Diamond Ring, Gents', single Stone, set in 18-carat Gold, splendid value, £1 14s. to £5.

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No. 134.—Gold Keeper Ring, 18-carat, £1 13s., Basket pattern.

9-carat Gold Links, 20s. per Double Pair. 15-carat Gold Links, £1 14s. per Double Pair.

No. 991—Two fine Rubies, one real Diamond, set in 18-carat Gold. £3 5s.

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Practical Watch Manufacturers and Wholesale Jewellers.

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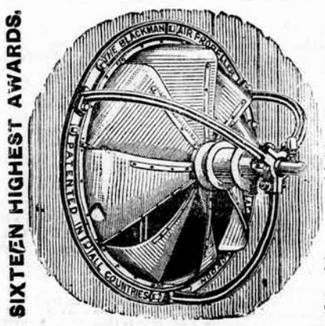

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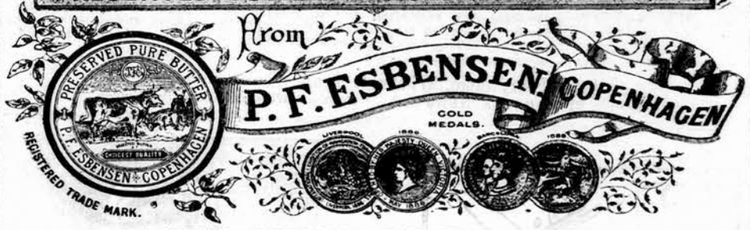

A REAL LUXURY FOR EVERY MEAL.

Ask for ESBENSEN'S. Do not be put off with any other.

To be obtained of all the principal Stores throughout India,

And of Campbell, Shearer & Co., 4, Eastcheap, London; R. Harrison & Co., Red Cross Street, Liverpool.

"The Real Cup o' Kindness."

Perfect blendings of the Choicest Brands of the Highest Classes of Fine Old Whiskies in their native purity, as produced in Scotland, absolutely untampered with.

MATURED IN SHERRY CASKS.
A LUXURY IN PURE SCOTCH WHISKIES.

The letters "BOS" are the Name, Brand, and Registered Trade Mark of this matchless Old Scotch Whisky.

"BOS"

*** Gold Capsule.
** Blue "
* Green "

Exquisite blendings, possessing a flavour so rare, a character so novel and so entirely their own, that they may fairly claim the very first place among high-class stimulants. Clever judges pronounce them *unique and unrivalled.*

"BOS" Whiskies are remarkable for their "delicious individuality of flavour," mellowness and softness on the palate—"A very nectar," in marked contrast to ordinary blended Whiskies, which are more or less dominated by one or other of the Whiskies used in blending.

"*BOS*" *is sold in square white bottles, labelled and capsuled, the quality being notified by a small label on each bottle.*

The proprietors are skilled blenders of Scotch Whiskies, but in all the experience of their Firm, extending over the present century, they have never been able to accomplish anything so fully complying with the most exacting tests, as is now presented in these special blends of "BOS."

Correspondence Invited from Firms who desire to handle our Whiskies.

PEASE, SON & CO., LEITH, SCOTLAND.
English Addresses—LONDON and DARLINGTON, Durham.

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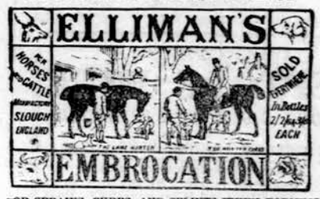
NOTICES.

NO STABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT



FOR SPRAINS, CURBS, AND SPLINTS WHEN FORMING.
FOR OVER-REACHES, CHAPPED HEELS, WIND GALLS.
FOR RHEUMATISM IN HORSES AND FOR STRANGLES.
FOR SORE THROATS AND INFLUENZA.
FOR BROKEN KNEES, BRUISES, CAPPED HOCKS.
FOR SORE SHOULDERS, SORE BACKS.
FOR SORE MOUTHS IN SHEEP AND LAMBS.
FOR SPRAINS, CUTS, BRUISES IN DOGS.

From His Grace the Duke of Rutland.
Belvoir, Grantham, Dec. 1st, 1879.
SIRS,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables; I think it very useful. RUTLAND,
Master of the Belvoir Hounds.

From Lord Haddington, Tyningham.
Prestonkirk, N. B.
December 27th, 1889.
SIR,—ELLIMAN'S Royal Embrocation is used in my stables, and I consider it *indispensable* in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds. HADDINGTON.
Master of the Berwickshire Hounds.

From the Earl of Harrington.
Jan. 9th, 1889.
SIR,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my tables, and I consider it the best that I can obtain. HARRINGTON.
Master of the South Wilts Hounds.

ELLIMAN'S ROYAL EMBROCATION
Sold by Chemists, Stores and Saddlers, Price 2s.

SODAWATER MACHINERY

AND APPLIANCES

BRATBY & HINCHLIFFE LTD
ANCOATS 146 MINORIES
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AGENTS:
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PIESSE & LUBIN
PERFUMERY FACTORS
from every flower that breathes a fragrance.
SWEET SCENTS
LOXOTIS OPOPONAX
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May be obtained Of any Chemist or Perfumer.
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FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, Eczema, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It Cures Old Sores,
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs.
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy Sores.
Cures Cancerous Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Cures the Blood from all impure matter From whatever cause arising.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is the only real Specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bones.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

"It is entirely free from any poison or metallic impregnation, does not contain any injurious ingredient and is a good safe, and useful medicine.—ALFRED SWAINE TAYLOR, M.D., F.R.S., Lecturer on Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology."

"The Hon. Surgeon to His Excellency the Viceroy of India prescribes Clarke's Blood Mixture largely, and speaks highly of its efficacy in skin affections, &c. On this account we wrote asking if you could supply the Mixture for dispensing purposes."—Letter from A. John & Co., Druggists, &c., Agra, India. June, 1888.

West Cowes, Isle of Wight, September, 1888.
Dear, Sirs,—Through the merits of your excellent Clarke's Blood Mixture the large red pimples which covered my face are fast disappearing. For a long time I put up with the discomfort of these pimples thinking that nothing would do any good. At last I was persuaded to try your medicine, and now I have taken one bottle they are rapidly vanishing. It cannot be too highly recommended, and I am most grateful. I will tell all my friends about it, but they really do not require telling because they can see the difference for themselves. You may publish this if needful.—I am, gratefully yours,
"ISLA GERALDINE RIPON."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CAUTION.

Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture, blown in the Bottle WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

ATKINSON'S WHITE ROSE

Delicately fragrant as the Rose itself. Always sweet and fresh, its delightful odour never varies.

ATKINSON'S
EAU DE COLOGNE

absolutely superior to all other makes for the fineness of its aroma, its strength, and its exceedingly refreshing qualities. ATKINSON'S ENGLISH is the best. Of all Dealers.

J. & E. ATKINSON,
24, Old Bond Street, London.
CAUTION! Only genuine with shield-shape blue & yellow label & usual Trade Mark, a "White Rose," and address in full.

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NOTICES.

CHAPOTEAUT'S

PEPTONE WINE

TONIC, DIGESTIVE & NUTRITIVE

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE nourishes the Sick & Convalescent, without fatiguing the stomach by the process of digestion; and is far superior to Beef Teas, Jellies, and Meat Extracts, which cannot nourrish the body if the digestive organs are defective.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE is used in the London and Paris Hospitals, for affections of the *Stomach, Liver,* and *Intestines,* and for **Indigestion, Anæmia, Consumption, Diabetes, Dysentery**; in extreme weakness and exhaustion arising from *Tumours, Cancerous Affections,* and **all wasting diseases** whenever an extra amount of nourishment is required.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE cannot be too highly recommended as a Tonic stimulant and Restorative to the Aged, Delicate Females, Lymphatic subjects and children.

8, RUE VIVIENNE, PARIS.

A CURE FOR ASTHMA!!!

GRIMAULT'S

INDIAN CIGARETTES

Asthmatic people who suffer from Oppression in breathing, stifling sensations, Hoarseness, and Loss of voice, Nervous coughs, Laryngitis, Colds, with Wheezing, Bronchitis, Insomnia, Catarrhal affections, and difficulty in Expectoration, are promptly relieved by these Cigarettes.

GRIMAULT & CO., Paris, Sold by all Chemists.

GRIMAULT'S

Matico Capsules

AND INJECTION

Renowned Physicians prescribe Grimault's Matico as the most active and at the same time the most inoffensive remedy in the treatment of Acute and Chronic Discharges. These Capsules, unlike Copaiba, have not the inconvenience of producing Nausea.

MATICO INJECTION is used in recent AND MATICO CAPSULES in the more chronic cases

GRIMAULT & Co., Paris. Sold by all Chemists.

KANANGA OF JAPAN

(REGISTERED)

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PARIS

Kananga Water the most delightfully refreshing Toilet Water. It renders the skin firm, relieves mosquito bites and imparts a delicate fragrance and feeling of comfort and freshness.

JULIEN'S FRUIT

A REFRESHING

VEGETABLE LAXATIVE "BON-BON"

Julien's Fruit Purgative is exclusively a vegetable composition and has the appearance and taste of a delicious Bon-Bon. It is perfectly harmless, and is the best remedy for

Constipation, Sick headaches, Dysentery, Gastralgia, Liver complaints, Dyspepsia, Overheated blood, Eruptions.

Its refreshing and purifying qualities are invaluable to persons predisposed to headaches, biliousness, and apoplexy; while it prevents convulsions in children, and is very useful in all infant disorders.

Grimault & Co., Paris. Sold by all Chemists

DUSART'S SYRUP

OF

Lactophosphate of Lime

HEALTH VIGOUR BONE MUSCLE

This syrup enriches the blood, and streghtens and restores all the vital energies. It contains Phosphate of Lime the substance most necessary to our existence, and indispensable for the formation of the bony and muscular system. It is a specific in Infants' green Diarrhœa, and assists children in the formation and cutting of their teeth, and where the limbs are weak, they greatly improve by this bone-forming material.

DUSART'S SYRUP is the best Tonic for Lymphatic subjects, and all suffering from nervous Debility, Poorness of Blood and the Excesses of Youth.

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SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

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Is a pure, fragrant, non-gritty tooth powder, and warranted free from acids or other ingredients which destroy the enamel. It whitens the teeth, prevents and arrests decay, strengthens the gums, and gives a pleasing fragrance to the breath.

Rowland's Kalydor

A soothing, healing and emollient milk for the face and hands and is most cooling and refreshing to the skin in hot climates; it removes freckles, tan, sunburn, roughness and redness of the skin, pimples, cutaneous eruptions, &c., soothes and heals prickly heat, stings of insects, eczema, burns, and all cutaneous irritation more effectually than any other preparation, and produces soft fair skin, and a lovely delicate complexion: it is warranted harmless, and free from any lead or poisonous ingredients.

ROWLAND'S EUKONIA, a fragrant toilet, warranted free from Bismuth or metallic ingredients, which ruin the complexion; in three tints—white, cream, and rose. Ask any Chemist or Druggist for Rowland's articles, of 20, Hatton Garden, London, England, and avoid spurious worthless imitations.

LADIES' STANDARD

WATCHES.

THERE is nothing more appreciated by a lady in a present than a Genuine Good Watch. The better the class of watch the longer will the receiver have reason to remember the donor—but to buy an imitation of a watch, *i.e.*, a watch like the majority advertised as "*cheap*" and carrying a guarantee something under a hundred years for the purpose of presentation, would in reality be a piece of gross extravagance; as we know from our long experience of the Watch Trade that such watches are consummate failures. A true regard to economy would determine all requiring watches for presentation to either Gentlemen or Ladies to pay our establishment a visit. To Constituents in the Mofussil we shall have much pleasure in sending our Latest and Complete Catalogue.

The undermentioned watches we have no hesitation in conscientiously recommending. We do not guarantee them for 5 years or 100 years, but for 2 years only, about which period a watch invariably requires cleaning.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

LADIES' STANDARD GOLD WATCHES.

This style of watch has been greatly improved in the last few years, and has been brought to the utmost perfection.

		Rs.
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Crystal Face Case, keyless action,	in 14 carat gold case, plain, engraved or engine-turned	55
Do. do.	do. do. stout cases	65
Do. do.	do. 18 carat do.	85
ILLUSTRATION II.		
Hunting Case keyless action,	in 14 carat case	70
Do. do.	do. do. in stout case, extra finish	100
Do. do.	do. 18 carat, extra finish	120
ILLUSTRATIONS. III. & IV.		
Half Hunting do.	do. 14 carat case	75
Do do.	do. do.	90
Do. do.	do. 18 carat do., best finish	125

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

BOMBAY & POONA.

Gold Medal, Health Exhibition, London. *Highest Award, Adelaide,* 1887.

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"Really I consider that, humanly speaking, 'BENGER'S FOOD' entirely saved Baby's life. I had tried four other well-known Foods, but in this horrible climate he could digest nothing until we began the Benger.' He is now rosy and fattening rapidly."

BENGER'S FOOD

EXTRACT FROM PRIVATE LETTER

"If every Mother knew of its value, no other would be used."

London Medical Record says:—"It is retained when all other Foods are rejected."

FOR INFANTS, CHILDREN & INVALIDS.

THE MOST DELICIOUS, NUTRITIVE AND DIGESTIBLE.

BENGER'S FOOD is sold in Tins, at 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 5s., by Chemists, &c., everywhere; or free by Parcels Post, from F. B. BENGER & Co., Ld., Otter Works, Manchester, England.

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"CARLTON" WHISKEY.

ELEVEN YEARS OLD & FIVE YEARS OLD

THESE GRAND OLD SCOTCH WHISKIES are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS AND COMPANY, of London and Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "CARLTON." They are distilled from the finest Highland Malt only, are in every respect equal to the best Cognac Brandy, and guaranteed to be entirely free from Fusil Oil or other noxious impurities.

The following letter has been received from the Secretary of the "CARLTON" CLUB:—

CARLTON CLUB, Dec. 20, 1875.

GENTLEMEN,—In reply to your enquiry as to whether the Whiskey you are supplying to this Club is approved by the Members, the best answer I can give is that the consumption of this Whiskey in the Club has GREATLY INCREASED since it has been supplied by your firm. There can be no doubt whatever about the Whiskey being MOST EXCELLENT. It is Old and Soft, and I may safely say that it is much approved by the Members.

Yours obediently,

W. GRIFFIN SUTTON, *Secretary.*

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKIES, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of WHISKEY; this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsules and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

Sold Everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.

Shippers: RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., "Carlton" Whiskey Merchants, London.

BAHADUR MILD

NOTED for their mildness, delicacy, and uniformity of quality. Insist on having this brand, and take no other.

Bahadur Regalias	Bahadur No. 1.
Bahadur Princessas	Bahadur No. 2.
Bahadur Manillas	Bahadur No. 3.

BAHADUR REEDS, BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS.

To be obtained of all respectable dealers throughout India and the various Co-operative Societies.

Sole Manufacturers and Proprietors,

McDOWELL & CO.,

MADRAS.

New Illustrated Price List sent on application.

OLD BUSHMILLS WHISKEY

IS MADE IN

OLD POT STILLS.

TRY IT. It is worth a little trouble to get a WHISKEY TO YOUR TASTE, and enjoying it yourself, render a SERVICE TO YOUR FRIENDS and a FAVOUR TO THE COMPANY by recommending it.

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BUSHMILLS WHISKEY is kept in stock by Treacher & Co., BOMBAY and POONAH. Cutler, Palmer, & Co.; Grand Eastern Hotel Co.; and Planters' Stores & Agency Co., CALCUTTA. McDowell & Co., MADRAS.

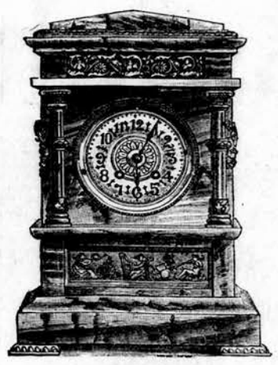
HAMILTON & CO.,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

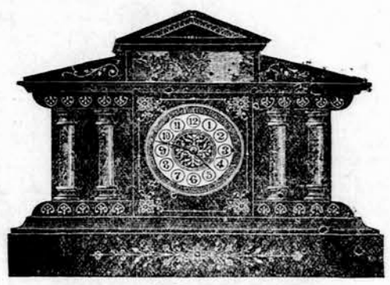
73, ESPLANADE ROAD,

BOMBAY.

KEYLESS MOVEMENT CLOCKS.



2845 G.
MEXICAN ONYX AND REAL GILTBRONZE STRIKING CLOCK, KEYLESS MOVEMENT.
Height 13½ inches, width 10 inches.
Rs. 180, Cash.



2846 G.
KEYLESS MOVEMENT, REAL BRONZE AND MARBLE STRIKING CLOCK.
Height 13½ inches, width 17 inches.
Rs. 120, Cash.

2847 G.
KEYLESS MOVEMENT, REAL BRONZE AND MARBLE STRIKING CLOCK.
Height 17 inches, width 14 inches.
Rs. 130, Cash.

2848 G.
PINK MARBLE, REAL GILT BRONZE MOUNTED STRIKING CLOCK, KEYLESS MOVEMENT.
Height 18 inches, width 10 inches.
Rs. 225, Cash.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S

CHLORODYNE

COUGHS,
COLDS,
ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS.

IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR
DIARRHŒA,
DYSENTERY,
CHOLERA.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE (late Army Medical Staff) DISCOVERED a REMEDY, to denote which he coined the word CHLORODYNE. Dr. Browne is the SOLE INVENTOR, and as the composition of Chlorodyne cannot possibly be discovered by Analysis (organic substances defying elimination), and since the formula has never been published, it is evident that any statement to the effect that a compound is identical with Dr. Browne's Chlorodyne *must be false.*

This caution is necessary, as many persons deceive purchasers by false representations.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to.—See *The Times,* July 13, 1864.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in

NEURALGIA, GOUT, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, RHEUMATISM.

GENERAL BOARD of HEALTH, London, REPORT that it ACTS as a CHARM, one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. GIBBON, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "TWO DOSES COMPLETELY CURED ME OF DIARRHŒA."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep, WITHOUT HEADACHE, and invigorates the nervous system when exhausted.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cut short all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, HYSTERIA.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The IMMENSE SALE of this REMEDY has given rise to many UNSCRUPULOUS IMITATIONS. Be careful to observe Trade Mark. Of all Chemists. 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. & 4s. 6d. *SOLE MANUFACTURER*—

J.T. Davenport, 33, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.

COWAN'S

HIDE SPECIFIC,

For the Prevention of Vermin, &c., in Dry Hides,

Is of unfailing and unrivalled quality, with 50 years' tried and proved efficacy.

Reference to all the LONDON HIDE BROKERS.

Apply for full particulars to

J. & P. COWAN, 7, MINCING LANE, LONDON.

ALWAYS USE THE SAME BED FOR A CHILD AT HOME OR ABROAD.

THE

"SHAKESPEARE" COT

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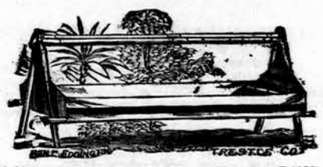

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